10320 Camino Santa Fe, Suite G San Diego, CA 92121 Tel: 858.875.1900 Fax: 858.875.1999



# SUFU antibody - middle region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI11517

#### **Product Information**

Application WB, IHC Primary Accession Q9UMX1

Other Accession <u>NM 016169</u>, <u>NP 057253</u>

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Pig, Dog, Horse

Predicted Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Pig, Chicken, Dog, Horse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 53947

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 51684

Alias Symbol PRO1280, SUFUH, SUFUXL

Other Names Suppressor of fused homolog, SUFUH, SUFU

Format Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium

azide and 2% sucrose.

**Reconstitution & Storage** Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-SUFU antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml

in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C.

Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** SUFU antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name SUFU {ECO:0000303|PubMed:12068298, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:16466}

**Function** Negative regulator in the hedgehog/smoothened signaling pathway

(PubMed: 10559945, PubMed: 10564661, PubMed: 10806483, PubMed: 12068298, PubMed: 12975309, PubMed: 15367681, PubMed: 22365972, PubMed: 24217340, PubMed: 24311597,

PubMed: 27234298, PubMed: 28965847). Down-regulates GLI1-mediated transactivation of target genes (PubMed: 15367681, PubMed: 24217340, PubMed: 24311597). Down-regulates GLI2-mediated transactivation of target genes (PubMed: 24217340, PubMed: 24311597). Part of a corepressor complex that acts on DNA-bound GLI1. May also act by linking GLI1 to BTRC and thereby targeting GLI1 to degradation by the proteasome (PubMed: 10559945, PubMed: 10564661, PubMed: 10806483, PubMed: 24217340). Sequesters GLI1,

GLI2 and GLI3 in the cytoplasm, this effect is overcome by binding of STK36 to both SUFU and a GLI protein (PubMed:10559945, PubMed:10564661, PubMed:10806483, PubMed:24217340). Negative regulator of beta-catenin signaling (By similarity). Regulates the formation of either the repressor form (GLI3R) or the activator form (GLI3A) of the full-length form of GLI3 (GLI3FL) (PubMed:24311597, PubMed:28965847). GLI3FL is complexed with SUFU in the cytoplasm and is maintained in a neutral state (PubMed:24311597, PubMed:28965847). Without the Hh signal, the SUFU- GLI3 complex is recruited to cilia, leading to the efficient processing of GLI3FL into GLI3R (PubMed:24311597, PubMed:28965847). When Hh signaling is initiated, SUFU dissociates from GLI3FL and the latter translocates to the nucleus, where it is phosphorylated, destabilized, and converted to a transcriptional activator (GLI3A) (PubMed:24311597, PubMed:28965847). Required for normal embryonic development (By similarity). Required for the proper formation of hair follicles and the control of epidermal differentiation (By similarity).

**Cellular Location** 

Cytoplasm. Nucleus

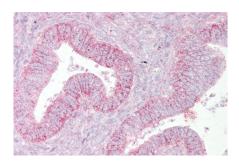
**Tissue Location** 

Ubiquitous in adult tissues. Detected in osteoblasts of the perichondrium in the developing limb of 12-week old embryos. Isoform 1 is detected in fetal brain, lung, kidney and testis Isoform 2 is detected in fetal testis, and at much lower levels in fetal brain, lung and kidney.

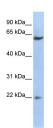
## References

Lee,D.Y., (2007) Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 104 (51), 20350-20355 Reconstitution and Storage:For short term use, store at 2-8C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

# **Images**



Immunohistochemistry with Uterus tissue at an antibody concentration of  $5\mu g/ml$  using anti-SUFU antibody (AI11517)



WB Suggested Anti-SUFU Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 μg/ml

ELISA Titer: 1:1562500

Positive Control: HepG2 cell lysate

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.