

PRMT1 antibody - middle region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AI11699

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC
Primary Accession	Q99873
Other Accession	NM_001536 , NP_001527
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Pig, Dog, Horse, Bovine
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Zebrafish, Pig, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	42462

Additional Information

Gene ID	3276
Alias Symbol	ANM1, HCP1, IR1B4, HRMT1L2
Other Names	Protein arginine N-methyltransferase 1, 2.1.1.-, Histone-arginine N-methyltransferase PRMT1, 2.1.1.125, Interferon receptor 1-bound protein 4, PRMT1, HMT2, HRMT1L2, IR1B4
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 100 ul of distilled water. Final anti-PRMT1 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	PRMT1 antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	PRMT1 (HGNC:5187)
Function	Arginine methyltransferase that methylates (mono and asymmetric dimethylation) the guanidino nitrogens of arginyl residues present in proteins such as ESR1, histone H2, H3 and H4, FMR1, ILF3, HNRNPA1, HNRNPD, NFATC2IP, SUPT5H, TAF15, EWS, HABP4, SERBP1, RBM15, FOXO1, CHTOP, MAP3K5/ASK1, MICU1 and NPRL2 (PubMed: 10749851 , PubMed: 15741314 , PubMed: 16879614 , PubMed: 18951090 , PubMed: 22095282 , PubMed: 25284789 , PubMed: 26575292 , PubMed: 26876602 , PubMed: 27642082 , PubMed: 30765518 , PubMed: 31257072 , PubMed: 38006878). Constitutes the main enzyme that mediates

monomethylation and asymmetric dimethylation of histone H4 'Arg-3' (H4R3me1 and H4R3me2a, respectively), a specific tag for epigenetic transcriptional activation. May be involved in the regulation of TAF15 transcriptional activity, act as an activator of estrogen receptor (ER)-mediated transactivation, play a key role in neurite outgrowth and act as a negative regulator of megakaryocytic differentiation, by modulating p38 MAPK pathway. Methylates RBM15, promoting ubiquitination and degradation of RBM15 (PubMed:[26575292](#)). Methylates MRE11 and TP53BP1, promoting the DNA damage response (PubMed:[15741314](#), PubMed:[16294045](#), PubMed:[29651020](#)). Methylates FOXO1 and retains it in the nucleus increasing its transcriptional activity (PubMed:[18951090](#)). Methylates CHTOP and this methylation is critical for its 5-hydroxymethylcytosine (5hmC)-binding activity (PubMed:[25284789](#)). Methylates MAP3K5/ASK1 at 'Arg-78' and 'Arg-80' which promotes association of MAP3K5 with thioredoxin and negatively regulates MAP3K5 association with TRAF2, inhibiting MAP3K5 stimulation and MAP3K5-induced activation of JNK (PubMed:[22095282](#)). Methylates H4R3 in genes involved in glioblastomagenesis in a CHTOP- and/or TET1- dependent manner (PubMed:[25284789](#)). Plays a role in regulating alternative splicing in the heart (By similarity). Methylates NPRL2 at 'Arg-78' leading to inhibition of its GTPase activator activity and then the GATOR1 complex and consequently inducing timely mTORC1 activation under methionine-sufficient conditions (PubMed:[38006878](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9JIF0}. Cytoplasm. Cytoplasm, cytosol {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9JIF0}. Lysosome membrane. Note=Mostly found in the cytoplasm Colocalizes with CHTOP within the nucleus. Low levels detected also in the chromatin fraction (By similarity). Upon methionine stimulation, localizes to the lysosome membrane in an NPRL2-dependent manner (PubMed:38006878). {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9JIF0, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:38006878}

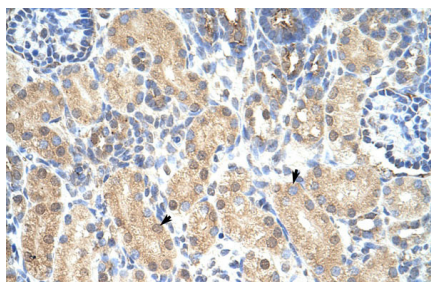
Tissue Location

Widely expressed (PubMed:11097842). Expressed strongly in colorectal cancer cells (at protein level) (PubMed:28040436). Expressed strongly in colorectal cancer tissues compared to wild-type colon samples (at protein level) (PubMed:28040436). Expressed strongly in colorectal cancer tissues compared to wild-type colon samples (PubMed:28040436)

References

Adams,M.M., (2005) Cell Cycle 4 (12), 1854-1861
Reconstitution and Storage:For short term use, store at 2-8C up to 1 week. For long term storage, store at -20C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Images



Rabbit Anti-PRMT1 Antibody
Paraffin Embedded Tissue: Human Kidney
Cellular Data: Epithelial cells of renal tubule
Antibody Concentration: 4.0-8.0 µg/ml
Magnification: 400X

WB Suggested Anti-PRMT1 Antibody Titration: 5.0µg/ml
ELISA Titer: 1:1562500



Positive Control: Jurkat cell lysate

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.