

HAO2 antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI11892

Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q9NYQ3

Other Accession NM 001005783, NP 001005783

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Horse, Bovine

Predicted Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Horse

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 38839

Additional Information

Gene ID 51179

Alias Symbol GIG16, HAOX2

Other Names Hydroxyacid oxidase 2, HAOX2, 1.1.3.15, (S)-2-hydroxy-acid oxidase,

peroxisomal, Cell growth-inhibiting gene 16 protein, Long chain

alpha-hydroxy acid oxidase, Long-chain L-2-hydroxy acid oxidase, HAO2,

HAOX2

Format Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium

azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-HAO2 antibody concentration is 1

mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at

20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions HAO2 antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name HAO2

Synonyms HAOX2

Function Oxidase that catalyzes the oxidation of medium and long chain hydroxyacids

such as 2-hydroxyhexadecanoate and 2-hydroxyoctanoate, to the

corresponding 2-oxoacids (PubMed: 10777549). Its role in the oxidation of 2-hydroxy fatty acids may contribute to the general pathway of fatty acid alpha-oxidation (Probable). Active in vitro with the artificial electron acceptor

2,6-dichlorophenolindophenol (DCIP), but O2 is believed to be the

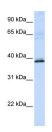
physiological electron acceptor, leading to the production of H2O2. Is not active on glycolate, glyoxylate, L- lactate and 2-hydroxybutanoate

(PubMed: 10777549).

Cellular Location Peroxisome.

Tissue Location Expressed in the liver and kidney.

Images



WB Suggested Anti-HAO2 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 µg/ml

ELISA Titer: 1:62500

Positive Control: MCF7 cell lysate

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.