

TRIM55 antibody - middle region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI12282

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<u>Q9BYV6</u>
Other Accession	<u>NM_184087</u> , <u>NP_908975</u>
Reactivity	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rabbit, Pig, Chicken, Dog, Horse, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	60466
Host Clonality	Rabbit Polyclonal

Additional Information

Gene ID	84675
Alias Symbol Other Names	MURF-2, RNF29, muRF2 Tripartite motif-containing protein 55, Muscle-specific RING finger protein 2, MuRF-2, MuRF2, RING finger protein 29, TRIM55, MURF2, RNF29
Target/Specificity	100% homologous to all four isoforms of TRIM55.
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-TRIM55 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	TRIM55 antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	TRIM55
Synonyms	MURF2, RNF29
Function	E3 ubiquitin ligase that plays an important role in regulating cardiac development and contractility, muscle growth, metabolism, and fiber-type differentiation. Acts as a critical factor that regulates cardiomyocyte size during development in concert with TRIM63 by regulating E2F1-mediated gene expression (By similarity). Plays a role in apoptosis induction in cardiomyocytes by promoting ubiquitination of the DUSP1 phosphatase.

	Promotes non-canonical NF- kappa-B signaling and B-cell-mediated immune responses by mediating NFKB2 'Lys-48'-linked ubiquitination and processing. In turn, NFKB2 is further processed by valosin-containing protein/VCP, an ATPase that mediates ubiquitin-dependent protein degradation by the proteasome. May play a role in preventing macrophages from producing inflammatory factors and migrating by downregulating the level of nuclear NF-kappa-B subunit RELA. Also modifies PPARG via polyubiquitination and accelerates PPARG proteasomal degradation to inhibit its activity (PubMed: <u>36737649</u>).
Cellular Location	Nucleus {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:G3X8Y1}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:G3X8Y1}. Note=TLR4 signaling pathway promotes nuclear translocation. {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:G3X8Y1}
Tissue Location	Highly expressed in muscle. Low-level expression in liver.

References

Lange, S., (2005) Science 308 (5728), 1599-1603 Reconstitution and Storage: Forshorttermuse, store at 2-8 Cupto 1 we ek. For long terms to rage, store at -20 Cinsmallal iquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Images



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.