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# Fto antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI12799

#### **Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession Q8BGW1

Other Accession NM 011936, NP 036066

**Reactivity** Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Horse, Bovine, Sheep, Yeast

**Predicted** Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Horse, Bovine, Sheep

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 58007

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 26383

Alias Symbol AW743446, mKIAA1752

Other Names Alpha-ketoglutarate-dependent dioxygenase FTO, 1.14.11.-, Fat mass and

obesity-associated protein, Protein fatso, Fto, Kiaa1752

Format Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium

azide and 2% sucrose.

**Reconstitution & Storage** Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-Fto antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml

in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C.

Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Fto antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name Fto {ECO:0000303|PubMed:10501967, ECO:0000312|MGI:MGI:1347093}

**Function** RNA demethylase that mediates oxidative demethylation of different RNA

species, such as mRNAs, tRNAs and snRNAs, and acts as a regulator of fat

mass, adipogenesis and energy homeostasis (PubMed: 17991826, PubMed: 18775698, PubMed: 28002401). Specifically demethylates

N(6)-methyladenosine (m6A) RNA, the most prevalent internal modification of messenger RNA (mRNA) in higher eukaryotes (PubMed: 28002401). M6A demethylation by FTO affects mRNA expression and stability (By similarity). Also able to demethylate m6A in U6 small nuclear RNA (snRNA) (By similarity). Mediates demethylation of N(6),2'- O-dimethyladenosine cap (m6A(m)), by demethylating the N(6)- methyladenosine at the second transcribed position

of mRNAs and U6 snRNA (PubMed: 28002401). Demethylation of m6A(m) in the 5'-cap by FTO affects mRNA stability by promoting susceptibility to decapping (By similarity). Also acts as a tRNA demethylase by removing N(1)methyladenine from various tRNAs (By similarity). Has no activity towards 1-methylguanine (By similarity). Has no detectable activity towards double-stranded DNA (By similarity). Also able to repair alkylated DNA and RNA by oxidative demethylation: demethylates single- stranded RNA containing 3-methyluracil, single-stranded DNA containing 3-methylthymine and has low demethylase activity towards single- stranded DNA containing 1-methyladenine or 3-methylcytosine (PubMed: 17991826, PubMed: 18775698). Ability to repair alkylated DNA and RNA is however unsure in vivo (PubMed: 17991826, PubMed: 18775698). Involved in the regulation of fat mass, adipogenesis and body weight, thereby contributing to the regulation of body size and body fat accumulation (PubMed: 19234441, PubMed: 19680540, PubMed: 21076408, PubMed: 23300482, PubMed: 23817550). Involved in the regulation of thermogenesis and the control of adipocyte differentiation into brown or white fat cells (PubMed: 19234441, PubMed: 19680540). Regulates activity of the dopaminergic midbrain circuitry via its ability to demethylate m6A in mRNAs (PubMed: 23817550).

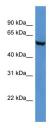
**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus. Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9C0B1}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9C0B1}. Note=Localizes mainly in the nucleus, where it is able to demethylate N(6)-methyladenosine (m6A) and N(6),2'-O-dimethyladenosine cap (m6A(m)) in U6 small nuclear RNA (snRNA), N(1)-methyladenine from tRNAs and internal m6A in mRNAs. In the cytoplasm, mediates demethylation of m6A and m6A(m) in mRNAs and N(1)-methyladenine from tRNAs. {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:Q9C0B1}

**Tissue Location** 

Ubiquitous. Detected in brain, brain cortex, hypothalamus, cerebellum, liver, pancreas, heart, kidney, white adipose tissue and skeletal muscle. Most abundant in the brain, particularly in hypothalamic nuclei governing energy balance

## **Images**



WB Suggested Anti-Fto Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 μg/ml

ELISA Titer: 1:1562500

Positive Control: Mouse Brain

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.