

H2AFY antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI14274

Product Information

Application WB Primary Accession 075367

Other Accession <u>NM 138609, NP 613075</u>

Reactivity Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine

Predicted Human, Mouse, Rat, Pig, Chicken, Dog, Horse, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 39184

Additional Information

Gene ID 9555

Alias Symbol H2A.y, H2A/y, H2AF12M, H2AFJ, MACROH2A1.1, mH2A1, macroH2A1.2

Other Names Core histone macro-H2A.1, Histone macroH2A1, mH2A1, Histone H2A.y,

H2A/y, Medulloblastoma antigen MU-MB-50.205, H2AFY, MACROH2A1

Format Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium

azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-H2AFY antibody concentration is 1

mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at

20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions H2AFY antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name MACROH2A1 (<u>HGNC:4740</u>)

Function Variant histone H2A which replaces conventional H2A in a subset of

nucleosomes where it represses transcription (PubMed:12718888, PubMed:15621527, PubMed:16428466). Nucleosomes wrap and compact DNA into chromatin, limiting DNA accessibility to the cellular machineries which require DNA as a template (PubMed:15897469). Histones thereby play a central role in transcription regulation, DNA repair, DNA replication and chromosomal stability (PubMed:15897469). DNA accessibility is regulated via a complex set of post-translational modifications of histones, also called histone code, and nucleosome remodeling. Involved in stable X chromosome inactivation (PubMed:15897469). Inhibits the binding of transcription factors,

including NF-kappa-B, and interferes with the activity of remodeling SWI/SNF complexes (PubMed:12718888, PubMed:16428466). Inhibits histone acetylation by EP300 and recruits class I HDACs, which induces a hypoacetylated state of chromatin (PubMed:16107708, PubMed:16428466).

Cellular Location Nucleus. Chromosome. Note=Enriched in inactive X chromosome chromatin

and in senescence-associated heterochromatin (PubMed:15621527, PubMed:15897469, PubMed:9634239). Recruited to DNA damage sites in an

APLF-dependent manner (PubMed:21211722, PubMed:29905837).

Tissue Location Widely expressed..

References

Lee Y.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1399:73-77(1998). Mao M.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 95:8175-8180(1998). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Schmutz J.,et al.Nature 431:268-274(2004). Behrends U.,et al.Int. J. Cancer 106:244-251(2003).

Images

90 kDa_ 65 kDa_ 40 kDa_ 31 kDa_ 22 kDa_

WB Suggested Anti-H2AFY Antibody Titration: 0.2-1 μg/ml

ELISA Titer: 1:62500

Positive Control: NCI-H226 cell lysate

H2AFY is strongly supported by BioGPS gene expression

data to be expressed in NCI-H226

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.