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# MPO antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI14593

## Product Information

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| **Application** | WB |
| **Primary Accession** | P05164 |
| **Other Accession** | NM_000250, NP_000241 |
| **Reactivity** | Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Goat, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine |
| **Predicted** | Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine |
| **Host** | Rabbit |
| **Clonality** | Polyclonal |
| **Calculated MW** | 83869 |

## Additional Information

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| **Gene ID** | 4353 |
| **Other Names** | Myeloperoxidase, MPO, 1.11.2.2, Myeloperoxidase, 89 kDa myeloperoxidase, 84 kDa myeloperoxidase, Myeloperoxidase light chain, Myeloperoxidase heavy chain, MPO |
| **Format** | Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose. |
| **Reconstitution & Storage** | Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-MPO antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles. |
| **Precautions** | MPO antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures. |

## Protein Information

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| **Name** | MPO {ECO:0000303\|PubMed:21880720, ECO:0000312\|HGNC:HGNC:7218} |
| **Function** | Peroxidase that plays a central role in the host defense system of polymorphonuclear leukocytes by mediating both (1) formation of neutrophil extracellular trap (NETs) and (2) microbicidal activity (PubMed:16125131, PubMed:17438335, PubMed:20974672, PubMed:20974816, PubMed:22131345, PubMed:25066128, PubMed:28574339, PubMed:40963017, PubMed:4978299, PubMed:6295491). Promotes NET formation by mediating chromatin disassembly: translocates to the nucleus and specifically binds to nucleosomes, both as monomer and homodimer, leading to nucleosome unstacking and initial chromatin decondensation (PubMed:40963017). Homodimers clash with one end of the nucleosomal |

DNA, leading to DNA unwrapping, initiating complete disassembly of nucleosomes and chromatin transformation into NETs in an ATP-independent manner (PubMed:40963017). NETs, which are mainly composed of DNA fibers and globular proteins, are then extruded into the extracellular space by neutrophils to trap pathogens and release antimicrobial proteins to destroy them (PubMed:40963017). Participates to the microbicidal activity against a wide range of organisms by acting as a peroxidase that catalyzes the formation of oxidants in presence of hydrogen peroxide (PubMed:16125131, PubMed:17074761, PubMed:17438335, PubMed:21880720, PubMed:22131345, PubMed:22352991, PubMed:22902565, PubMed:24194519, PubMed:33273015, PubMed:9359420, PubMed:9922160). Mediates the formation of hypohalous acids, mainly hypochlorous acid (HOCl) in physiologic situations, that greatly enhance polymorphonuclear leukocyte microbicidal activity (PubMed:16125131, PubMed:17074761, PubMed:17438335, PubMed:19608745, PubMed:21880720, PubMed:22902565, PubMed:24194519, PubMed:9359420, PubMed:9922160). In addition to hypochlorous acid, catalyzes formation of hypobromous acid (HOBr), hypoiodous acid (HOI) and hypothiocyanous acid (HOSCN) (PubMed:1318692, PubMed:16125131, PubMed:17438335, PubMed:19608745, PubMed:6295491, PubMed:9359420). Also catalyzes oxidation of nitrite into the highly reactive nitrogen dioxide radical (PubMed:10777476, PubMed:8385644, PubMed:9450756). Formation of oxidants are widely believed to be responsible for much of the anti-bactericidal activity of neutrophils (PubMed:8385644, PubMed:9450756). Oxidants, such as hypochlorous acid or nitrogen dioxide radical, can also oxidize amino acid residues on proteins and generate chlorination and nitration post-translational modifications, respectively (PubMed:15314690, PubMed:15326314, PubMed:15498770, PubMed:15574409, PubMed:16091367, PubMed:7622459). Chlorination and nitration of the lipid-free form of APOA1 impairs cholesterol transport (PubMed:15326314, PubMed:15498770, PubMed:15574409). Superoxides generated by MPO can also promote dioxygenation of tryptophan residues on proteins (PubMed:16091367, PubMed:40081572). Also able to oxidize melatonin into N1-acetyl-N2-formyl-5-methoxykynuramine either in presence of hydrogen peroxide or superoxide (PubMed:15636586, PubMed:16148002). Oxidizes urate into 5-hydroxyisourate (PubMed:21266577). Functions as a nitric oxide (NO) oxidase during inflammation, by catalytically consuming NO, impairing NO's ability to maintain vascular tone and function (PubMed:12089442). May also mediate the proteolytic cleavage of alpha-1-microglobulin to form t-alpha-1- microglobulin, which potently inhibits oxidation of low-density lipoprotein particles and limits vascular damage (PubMed:25698971).

**Cellular Location**

Lysosome. Cytolytic granule. Cytoplasmic vesicle, phagosome. Secreted. Nucleus. Chromosome Note=Localizes to azurophil granules, a type of primary lysosome found in neutrophils and monocytes that contains antimicrobial proteins (PubMed:25066128, PubMed:2981589, PubMed:6095812, PubMed:6192815). A substantial fraction is also constitutively secreted by normal bone marrow granulocyte precursors (PubMed:6095812). During formation of neutrophil extracellular traps (NETs), translocates into the nucleus and associates to chromatin, leading to chromatin dislocation and its transformation into NETs (PubMed:25066128, PubMed:40963017). Core component of NETs (PubMed:22131345, PubMed:32434865, PubMed:40963017)

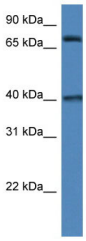
**Tissue Location**

Specifically expressed in neutrophils and monocytes.

## References

Morishita K.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 262:3844-3851(1987).
Morishita K.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 262:15208-15213(1987).
Seto P.,et al.J. Clin. Invest. 80:1205-1208(1987).
Johnson K.R.,et al.Nucleic Acids Res. 15:2013-2028(1987).
Hashinaka K.,et al.Biochemistry 27:5906-5914(1988).

## Images




WB Suggested Anti-MPO Antibody Titration: 1.0 µg/ml
Positive Control: 293T Whole CellMPO is supported by BioGPS gene expression data to be expressed in HEK293T

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.