

# CD84 antibody - C-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI15061

## **Product Information**

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<u>Q9UIB8</u>
Other Accession	<u>NM_003874</u> , <u>NP_003865</u>
Reactivity	Human, Pig
Predicted	Pig
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	38782

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID	8832
Alias Symbol Other Names	DKFZp781E2378, LY9B, SLAMF5, hCD84, mCD84 SLAM family member 5, Cell surface antigen MAX.3, Hly9-beta, Leukocyte differentiation antigen CD84, Signaling lymphocytic activation molecule 5, CD84, CD84, SLAMF5
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-CD84 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	CD84 antibody - C-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

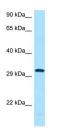
Name	CD84
Synonyms	SLAMF5
Function	Self-ligand receptor of the signaling lymphocytic activation molecule (SLAM) family. SLAM receptors triggered by homo- or heterotypic cell-cell interactions are modulating the activation and differentiation of a wide variety of immune cells and thus are involved in the regulation and interconnection of both innate and adaptive immune response. Activities are controlled by presence or absence of small cytoplasmic adapter proteins, SH2D1A/SAP and/or SH2D1B/EAT-2. Can mediate natural killer (NK) cell cytotoxicity dependent on

	SH2D1A and SH2D1B (By similarity). Increases proliferative responses of activated T-cells and SH2D1A/SAP does not seem be required for this process. Homophilic interactions enhance interferon gamma/IFNG secretion in lymphocytes and induce platelet stimulation via a SH2D1A-dependent pathway. May serve as a marker for hematopoietic progenitor cells (PubMed: <u>11564780</u> , PubMed: <u>12115647</u> , PubMed: <u>12928397</u> , PubMed: <u>12962726</u> , PubMed: <u>16037392</u> ) Required for a prolonged T-cell:B-cell contact, optimal T follicular helper function, and germinal center formation. In germinal centers involved in maintaining B-cell tolerance and in preventing autoimmunity (By similarity). In mast cells negatively regulates high affinity immunoglobulin epsilon receptor signaling; independent of SH2D1A and SH2D1B but implicating FES and PTPN6/SHP-1 (PubMed: <u>22068234</u> ). In macrophages enhances LPS-induced MAPK phosphorylation and NF-kappaB activation and modulates LPS-induced cytokine secretion; involving ITSM 2 (By similarity). Positively regulates macroautophagy in primary dendritic cells via stabilization of IRF8; inhibits TRIM21-mediated proteasomal degradation of IRF8 (PubMed: <u>29434592</u> ).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein
Tissue Location	Predominantly expressed in hematopoietic tissues, such as lymph node, spleen and peripheral leukocytes. Expressed in macrophages, B-cells, monocytes, platelets, thymocytes, T-cells and dendritic cells. Highly expressed in memory T-cells. Expressed in mast cells.

## References

de la Fuente M.A.,et al.Blood 90:2398-2405(1997). Krause S.W.,et al.Biochem. J. 346:729-736(2000). Palou E.,et al.Tissue Antigens 55:118-127(2000). Halleck A.,et al.Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

### Images



WB Suggested Anti-CD84 Antibody Titration: 1.0  $\mu g/ml$  Positive Control: Fetal Kidney

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.