

PHAX Antibody - middle region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI15236

Product Information

Application WB
Primary Accession Q9H814

Other Accession <u>NM 032177</u>, <u>NP 115553</u>

ReactivityHuman, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine **Predicted**Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 44403

Additional Information

Gene ID 51808

Alias Symbol RNUXA

Other Names Phosphorylated adapter RNA export protein, RNA U small nuclear RNA export

adapter protein, PHAX, RNUXA

Format Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium

azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-PHAX antibody concentration is 1

mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at

20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions PHAX Antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name PHAX

Synonyms RNUXA

Function A phosphoprotein adapter involved in the XPO1-mediated U snRNA export

from the nucleus (PubMed:39011894). Bridge components required for U snRNA export, the cap binding complex (CBC)-bound snRNA on the one hand and the GTPase Ran in its active GTP-bound form together with the export receptor XPO1 on the other. Its phosphorylation in the nucleus is required for U snRNA export complex assembly and export, while its dephosphorylation in the cytoplasm causes export complex disassembly. It is recycled back to the nucleus via the importin alpha/beta heterodimeric import receptor. The

directionality of nuclear export is thought to be conferred by an asymmetric distribution of the GTP- and GDP-bound forms of Ran between the cytoplasm and nucleus. Its compartmentalized phosphorylation cycle may also contribute to the directionality of export. Binds strongly to m7G-capped U1 and U5 small nuclear RNAs (snRNAs) in a sequence- unspecific manner and phosphorylation-independent manner (By similarity). Also plays a role in the biogenesis of U3 small nucleolar RNA (snoRNA). Involved in the U3 snoRNA transport from nucleoplasm to Cajal bodies. Binds strongly to m7G-capped U3, U8 and U13 precursor snoRNAs and weakly to trimethylated (TMG)-capped U3, U8 and U13 snoRNAs. Also binds to telomerase RNA.

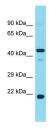
Cellular Location

Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Nucleus, Cajal body. Cytoplasm. Note=Located in the nucleoplasm and Cajal bodies. Shuttles between the nucleus and the cytoplasm. Shuttles between the nucleoplasm and Cajal bodies.

References

Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Ebert L.,et al.Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Boulon S.,et al.Mol. Cell 16:777-787(2004). Segref A.,et al.RNA 7:351-360(2001). Watkins N.J.,et al.Mol. Cell 16:789-798(2004).

Images



Host: Rabbit Target Name: PHAX

Sample Tissue: Fetal Liver lysates Antibody Dilution: 1.0µg/ml

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.