

ENPP7 Antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI15813

Product Information

Application WB

Primary Accession Q6UWV6

Other AccessionNM_178543, NP_848638ReactivityHuman, Mouse, RatPredictedHuman, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 51478

Additional Information

Gene ID 339221

Alias Symbol ALK-SMase

Other Names Ectonucleotide pyrophosphatase/phosphodiesterase family member 7, E-NPP

7, NPP-7, 3.1.4.12, Alkaline sphingomyelin phosphodiesterase, Intestinal

alkaline sphingomyelinase, Alk-SMase, ENPP7

{ECO:0000312 | EMBL:AAH41453.2}

Format Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium

azide and 2% sucrose.

Reconstitution & Storage Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-ENPP7 antibody concentration is 1

mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at

20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions ENPP7 Antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name ENPP7 {ECO:0000312 | EMBL:AAH41453.2,

ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:23764}

Function Choline-specific phosphodiesterase that hydrolyzes sphingomyelin releasing

the ceramide and phosphocholine and therefore is involved in sphingomyelin

digestion, ceramide formation, and fatty acid (FA) absorption in the

gastrointestinal tract (PubMed:<u>12671034</u>, PubMed:<u>12885774</u>,

PubMed: 15205117, PubMed: 16255717, PubMed: 28292932). Also has phospholipase C activity and can also cleave phosphocholine from palmitoyl lyso-phosphatidylcholine and platelet-activating factor (PAF) leading to its

inactivation (PubMed:12885774, PubMed:16255717). Does not have nucleotide pyrophosphatase activity (PubMed:12885774). May promote cholesterol absorption by affecting the levels of sphingomyelin derived from either diet or endogenous sources, in the intestinal lumen (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=The catalytic

domain is released into the extracellular medium when cells are treated with trypsin (PubMed:15205117). Localized at the surface of the microvillar membrane in small intestine enterocytes, and in endosome-like structures

situated beneath the microvillar membrane, and in Golgi complex $% \left\{ \mathbf{n}_{1}^{\mathbf{n}}\right\} =\mathbf{n}_{1}^{\mathbf{n}}$

(PubMed:12671034, PubMed:12885774)

Tissue Location Detected in the colon (at protein level). Expressed in the duodenum, jejunum

and liver and at low levels in the ileum Expression was very low in the

esophagus, stomach and colon

Background

Converts sphingomyelin to ceramide. Also has phospholipase C activity toward palmitoyl lyso-phosphocholine. Does not appear to have nucleotide pyrophosphatase activity.

References

Duan R.-D.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 278:38528-38536(2003). Clark H.F.,et al.Genome Res. 13:2265-2270(2003). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Zhang Z.,et al.Protein Sci. 13:2819-2824(2004). Duan R.-D.,et al.J. Lipid Res. 44:1241-1250(2003).

Images

90 kDa_ 65 kDa_ 40 kDa_ 29 kDa_ 22 kDa_

Host: Rabbit

Target Name: ENPP7

Sample Tissue: 721_B Whole cell lysate

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Antibody Dilution: 1.0µg/ml

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.