

MCMBP Antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI15881

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	<u>Q9BTE3</u>
Other Accession	<u>NM_024834, NP_079110</u>
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine
Predicted	Human, Rat, Rabbit, Pig, Dog, Guinea Pig, Horse, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	72980

Additional Information

Gene ID	79892
Alias Symbol Other Names	C10orf119, MCM-BP Mini-chromosome maintenance complex-binding protein, MCM-BP, MCM-binding protein, MCMBP, C10orf119
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-MCMBP antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	MCMBP Antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	МСМВР
Synonyms	C10orf119
Function	Associated component of the MCM complex that acts as a regulator of DNA replication. Binds to the MCM complex during late S phase and promotes the disassembly of the MCM complex from chromatin, thereby acting as a key regulator of pre-replication complex (pre-RC) unloading from replicated DNA. Can dissociate the MCM complex without addition of ATP; probably acts by destabilizing interactions of each individual subunits of the MCM complex. Required for sister chromatid cohesion.

Cellular Location

Nucleus. Note=Associates with chromatin. Highly associated with chromatin in G1/S and S phases, reduced binding to chromatin in G2, and further decreased binding in early M phase. It then reassociates with chromatin in late M phase. Dissociates from chromatin later than component of the MCM complex

Background

Associated component of the MCM complex that acts as a regulator of DNA replication. Binds to the MCM complex during late S phase and promotes the disassembly of the MCM complex from chromatin, thereby acting as a key regulator of pre-replication complex (pre-RC) unloading from replicated DNA. Can dissociate the MCM complex without addition of ATP; probably acts by destabilizing interactions of each individual subunits of the MCM complex. Required for sister chromatid cohesion.

References

Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Ebert L.,et al.Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Deloukas P.,et al.Nature 429:375-381(2004). Sakwe A.M.,et al.Mol. Cell. Biol. 27:3044-3055(2007). Dephoure N.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 105:10762-10767(2008).

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