

DND1 Antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI16034

Product Information

WB
<u>Q8IYX4</u>
<u>NP_919225</u>
Human
Rabbit
Polyclonal
38687

Additional Information

Gene ID	373863
Alias Symbol Other Names	DND1, RBMS4, Dead end protein homolog 1, RNA-binding motif, single-stranded-interacting protein 4, DND1, RBMS4
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 50 μ, l of distilled water. Final Anti-DND1 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at -20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	DND1 Antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	DND1
Synonyms	RBMS4
Function	RNA-binding factor that positively regulates gene expression by prohibiting miRNA-mediated gene suppression. Relieves miRNA repression in germline cells (By similarity). Prohibits the function of several miRNAs by blocking the accessibility of target mRNAs. Sequence- specific RNA-binding factor that binds specifically to U-rich regions (URRs) in the 3' untranslated region (3'-UTR) of several mRNAs. Does not bind to miRNAs. May play a role during primordial germ cell (PGC) survival (By similarity). However, does not seem to be essential for PGC migration (By similarity).

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Perinuclear germ granules, also called germ plasm or chromatoid body. Colocalizes in perinuclear sites with APOBEC3 (By similarity).

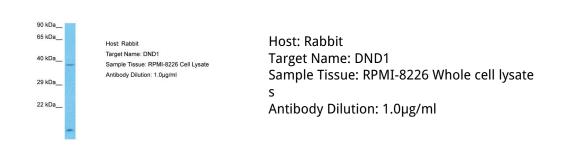
Background

RNA-binding factor that positively regulates gene expression by prohibiting miRNA-mediated gene suppression. Relieves miRNA repression in germline cells (By similarity). Prohibits the function of several miRNAs by blocking the accessibility of target mRNAs. Sequence-specific RNA-binding factor that binds specifically to U-rich regions (URRs) in the 3' untranslated region (3'-UTR) of several mRNAs. Does not bind to miRNAs. May play a role during primordial germ cell (PGC) survival (By similarity). However, does not seem to be essential for PGC migration (By similarity).

References

Weidinger G., et al.Curr. Biol. 13:1429-1434(2003). Kedde M., et al.Cell 131:1273-1286(2007).

Images



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.