

# DND1 Antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # AI16034

#### **Product Information**

Application WB
Primary Accession Q8IYX4
Other Accession NP\_919225
Reactivity Human
Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 38687

### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 373863

Alias Symbol DND1, RBMS4,

Other Names Dead end protein homolog 1, RNA-binding motif, single-stranded-interacting

protein 4, DND1, RBMS4

Format Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium

azide and 2% sucrose.

**Reconstitution & Storage** Add 50 &mu, I of distilled water. Final Anti-DND1 antibody concentration is 1

mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at

-20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** DND1 Antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in

diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name DND1

Synonyms RBMS4

**Function** RNA-binding factor that positively regulates gene expression by prohibiting

miRNA-mediated gene suppression. Relieves miRNA repression in germline cells (By similarity). Prohibits the function of several miRNAs by blocking the accessibility of target mRNAs. Sequence- specific RNA-binding factor that binds specifically to U-rich regions (URRs) in the 3' untranslated region (3'-UTR) of several mRNAs. Does not bind to miRNAs. May play a role during primordial germ cell (PGC) survival (By similarity). However, does not seem to

be essential for PGC migration (By similarity).

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Note=Perinuclear germ granules, also called germ plasm or chromatoid body. Colocalizes in perinuclear sites with APOBEC3 (By similarity).

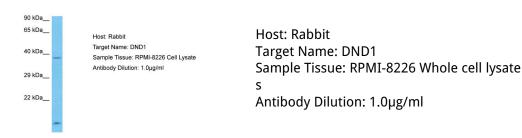
## **Background**

RNA-binding factor that positively regulates gene expression by prohibiting miRNA-mediated gene suppression. Relieves miRNA repression in germline cells (By similarity). Prohibits the function of several miRNAs by blocking the accessibility of target mRNAs. Sequence-specific RNA-binding factor that binds specifically to U-rich regions (URRs) in the 3' untranslated region (3'-UTR) of several mRNAs. Does not bind to miRNAs. May play a role during primordial germ cell (PGC) survival (By similarity). However, does not seem to be essential for PGC migration (By similarity).

## References

Weidinger G., et al. Curr. Biol. 13:1429-1434(2003). Kedde M., et al. Cell 131:1273-1286(2007).

## **Images**



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