

FZR Antibody - N-terminal region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # AI16152

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	Q9UM11
Other Accession	XP_005259630
Reactivity	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	55179

Additional Information

Gene ID	51343
Alias Symbol Other Names	FZR1, CDH1, FYR, FZR, KIAA1242, Fizzy-related protein homolog, Fzr, CDC20-like protein 1, Cdh1/Hct1 homolog, hCDH1, FZR1, CDH1, FYR, FZR, KIAA1242
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 50 μ l of distilled water. Final Anti-FZR antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at -20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	FZR Antibody - N-terminal region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	FZR1 (HGNC:24824)
Function	Substrate-specific adapter for the anaphase promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex. Associates with the APC/C in late mitosis, in replacement of CDC20, and activates the APC/C during anaphase and telophase. The APC/C remains active in degrading substrates to ensure that positive regulators of the cell cycle do not accumulate prematurely. At the G1/S transition FZR1 is phosphorylated, leading to its dissociation from the APC/C. Following DNA damage, it is required for the G2 DNA damage checkpoint: its dephosphorylation and reassociation with the APC/C leads to the ubiquitination of PLK1, preventing entry into mitosis. Acts as an adapter for APC/C to target the DNA-end resection factor RBBP8/CtIP for ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation. Through the

regulation of RBBP8/CtIP protein turnover, may play a role in DNA damage response, favoring DNA double-strand repair through error-prone non-homologous end joining (NHEJ) over error-free, RBBP8-mediated homologous recombination (HR) (PubMed:[25349192](#)).

Cellular Location

[Isoform 2]: Nucleus

Tissue Location

Isoform 2 is expressed at high levels in heart, liver, spleen and some cancer cell lines whereas isoform 3 is expressed only at low levels in these tissues.

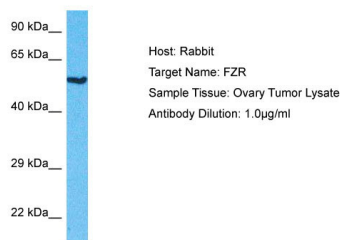
Background

Key regulator of ligase activity of the anaphase promoting complex/cyclosome (APC/C), which confers substrate specificity upon the complex. Associates with the APC/C in late mitosis, in replacement of CDC20, and activates the APC/C during anaphase and telophase. The APC/C remains active in degrading substrates to ensure that positive regulators of the cell cycle do not accumulate prematurely. At the G1/S transition FZR1 is phosphorylated, leading to its dissociation from the APC/C. Following DNA damage, it is required for the G2 DNA damage checkpoint: its dephosphorylation and reassociation with the APC/C leads to the ubiquitination of PLK1, preventing entry into mitosis.

References

Kramer E.R.,et al.Curr. Biol. 8:1207-1210(1998).
Kotani S.,et al.Submitted (APR-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Sudo T.,et al.Submitted (JUL-1998) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Zhou Y.,et al.Biochem. J. 374:349-358(2003).
Nagase T.,et al.DNA Res. 6:337-345(1999).

Images



Host: Rabbit
Target Name: FZR
Sample Tissue: Ovary Tumor lysates
Antibody Dilution: 1.0µg/ml

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.