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CXCL12 antibody - middle region

Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # AI16188

Product Information

Application	WB
Primary Accession	P48061
Other Accession	NM_000609, NP_000600
Reactivity	Rat, Pig, Dog, Bovine
Predicted	Rat, Pig, Chicken, Dog, Bovine
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	10666

Additional Information

Gene ID	6387
Alias Symbol	IRH, PBSF, SDF1, TLSF, SDF1A, SDF1B, TPAR1, SCYB12
Other Names	Stromal cell-derived factor 1, SDF-1, hSDF-1, C-X-C motif chemokine 12, Intercrine reduced in hepatomas, IRH, hIRH, Pre-B cell growth-stimulating factor, PBSF, SDF-1-beta(3-72), SDF-1-alpha(3-67), CXCL12, SDF1, SDF1A, SDF1B
Format	Liquid. Purified antibody supplied in 1x PBS buffer with 0.09% (w/v) sodium azide and 2% sucrose.
Reconstitution & Storage	Add 50 ul of distilled water. Final anti-CXCL12 antibody concentration is 1 mg/ml in PBS buffer with 2% sucrose. For longer periods of storage, store at 20°C. Avoid repeat freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	CXCL12 antibody - middle region is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	CXCL12 {ECO:0000303|PubMed:16107333, ECO:0000312|HGNC:HGNC:10672}
Function	Chemoattractant active on T-lymphocytes and monocytes but not neutrophils (PubMed:18802065, PubMed:39093700). Activates the C-X-C chemokine receptor CXCR4 to induce a rapid and transient rise in the level of intracellular calcium ions and chemotaxis (PubMed:8752281, PubMed:18802065, PubMed:39093700). Also binds to atypical chemokine receptor ACKR3, which activates the beta-arrestin pathway and acts as a scavenger receptor for CXCL12/SDF-1 (PubMed:16107333,

	PubMed:19255243). Binds to the allosteric site (site 2) of integrins and activates integrins ITGAV:ITGB3, ITGA4:ITGB1 and ITGA5:ITGB1 in a CXCR4-independent manner (PubMed:29301984). Acts as a positive regulator of monocyte migration and a negative regulator of monocyte adhesion via the LYN kinase (PubMed:18802065). Stimulates migration of monocytes and T-lymphocytes through its receptors, CXCR4 and ACKR3, and decreases monocyte adherence to surfaces coated with ICAM-1, a ligand for beta-2 integrins (PubMed:16107333, PubMed:18802065, PubMed:19255243, PubMed:39093700). CXCR4 signaling axis inhibits beta-2 integrin LFA-1 mediated adhesion of monocytes to ICAM-1 through LYN kinase (PubMed:18802065). Inhibits CXCR4-mediated infection by T-cell line- adapted HIV-1 (PubMed:8752281). Plays a protective role after myocardial infarction. Induces down-regulation and internalization of ACKR3 expressed in various cells. Has several critical functions during embryonic development; required for B-cell lymphopoiesis, myelopoiesis in bone marrow and heart ventricular septum formation (By similarity). Stimulates the proliferation of bone marrow-derived B-cell progenitors in the presence of IL7 as well as growth of stromal cell-dependent pre- B-cells (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Secreted
Tissue Location	Isoform Alpha and isoform Beta are ubiquitously expressed, with highest levels detected in liver, pancreas and spleen Isoform Gamma is mainly expressed in heart, with weak expression detected in several other tissues. Isoform Delta, isoform Epsilon and isoform Theta have highest expression levels in pancreas, with lower levels detected in heart, kidney, liver and spleen

Background

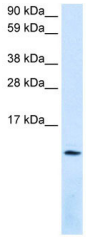
Chemoattractant active on T-lymphocytes, monocytes, but not neutrophils. Activates the C-X-C chemokine receptor CXCR4 to induce a rapid and transient rise in the level of intracellular calcium ions and chemotaxis. Also binds to atypical chemokine receptor ACKR3, which activates the beta-arrestin pathway and acts as a scavenger receptor for SDF-1. SDF-1-beta(3-72) and SDF-1- alpha(3-67) show a reduced chemotactic activity. Binding to cell surface proteoglycans seems to inhibit formation of SDF-1-alpha(3- 67) and thus to preserve activity on local sites. Acts as a positive regulator of monocyte migration and a negative regulator of monocyte adhesion via the LYN kinase. Stimulates migration of monocytes and T-lymphocytes through its receptors, CXCR4 and ACKR3, and decreases monocyte adherence to surfaces coated with ICAM-1, a ligand for beta-2 integrins. SDF1A/CXCR4 signaling axis inhibits beta-2 integrin LFA-1 mediated adhesion of monocytes to ICAM-1 through LYN kinase. Inhibits CXCR4-mediated infection by T- cell line-adapted HIV-1. Plays a protective role after myocardial infarction. Induces down-regulation and internalization of ACKR3 expressed in various cells. Has several critical functions during embryonic development; required for B-cell lymphopoiesis, myelopoiesis in bone marrow and heart ventricular septum formation.

References

Shirozu M.,et al.Genomics 28:495-500(1995).
Yu L.,et al.Gene 374:174-179(2006).
Spotila L.D.,et al.Submitted (OCT-1994) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Begum N.A.,et al.Submitted (JAN-1995) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.
Callebaut C.,et al.Submitted (JUN-2004) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

Images

WB Suggested Anti-CXCL12 Antibody Titration: 0.2-1



µg/ml
Positive Control: Human Lung

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.