

# Anti-CACNA1E / Cav2.3 Antibody (Internal)

Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # ALS17436

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC-P
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q15878</a>
<b>Predicted</b>	Human, Mouse, Rat, Rabbit
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Calculated MW</b>	261731
<b>Concentration (mg/ml)</b>	1 mg/ml

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	777
<b>Alias Symbol</b> <b>Other Names</b>	CACNA1E CACNA1E, BII, Brain calcium channel II, Cav2.3, CACNL1A6, Alpha 1e, CACH6, Cchra1
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	Recognizes endogenous levels of Cav2.3 protein.
<b>Reconstitution &amp; Storage</b>	PBS, pH 7.3, 0.01% sodium azide, 30% glycerol. Store at -20°C. Aliquot to avoid freeze/thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	Anti-CACNA1E / Cav2.3 Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	CACNA1E
<b>Synonyms</b>	CACH6, CACNL1A6
<b>Function</b>	Voltage-sensitive calcium channels (VSCC) mediate the entry of calcium ions into excitable cells (PubMed: <a href="#">30343943</a> ). They are also involved in a variety of calcium-dependent processes, including muscle contraction, hormone or neurotransmitter release, gene expression, cell motility, cell division and cell death. The isoform alpha-1E gives rise to R-type calcium currents. R-type calcium channels belong to the 'high-voltage activated' (HVA) group and are blocked by nickel. They are however insensitive to dihydropyridines (DHP). Calcium channels containing alpha-1E subunit could be involved in the modulation of firing patterns of neurons which is important for information processing.

<b>Cellular Location</b>	Membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Expressed in neuronal tissues and in kidney.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.