

Anti-DEFB4A / BD-2 Antibody (Internal)

Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS17439

Product Information

Application WB, IHC-P **Primary Accession** 015263

Predicted Human, Mouse, Rat

Host Rabbit
Clonality Polyclonal
Calculated MW 7038
Concentration (mg/ml) 1 mg/ml

Additional Information

Gene ID 100289462;1673

Alias Symbol DEFB4A

Other Names DEFB4A, Beta-defensin 2, Beta-defensin 4A, DEFB-2, DEFB102, Defensin, beta

2, Defensin, beta 4, Defensin, beta 4A, DEFB4, DEFB2, HBD-2,

Skin-antimicrobial peptide 1, BD-2, SAP1

Target/Specificity Recognizes endogenous levels of Defensin beta 2 protein.

Reconstitution & Storage PBS, pH 7.3, 0.01% sodium azide, 30% glycerol. Store at -20°C. Aliquot to

avoid freeze/thaw cycles.

Precautions Anti-DEFB4A / BD-2 Antibody (Internal) is for research use only and not for

use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name DEFB4A

Synonyms DEFB102, DEFB2, DEFB4

Function Exhibits antimicrobial activity against Gram-negative bacteria and

Gram-positive bacteria, with highest activity against Gram-negative bacteria (PubMed:10837369, PubMed:9202117). Antimicrobial activity against P.aruginosa seems to be salt-sensitive and is reduced with high salt concentrations greater than 25 mM (PubMed:10837369). Also exhibits antimicrobial activity against the yeast C.albicans (PubMed:10837369, PubMed:30050988, PubMed:9202117). Permeabilizes C.albicans cell membranes via targeting plasma membrane lipid phosphatidylinositol 4,5-bisphosphate (PIP2), thereby leading to cell fragmentation and cell death (PubMed:30050988). Acts as a ligand for C- C chemokine receptor CCR6

(PubMed: 10521347, PubMed: 20068036). Binds to CCR6 and induces

chemotactic activity of CCR6-expressing cells, such as immature dendritic cells

and memory T cells (PubMed: 10521347, PubMed: 20068036).

Cellular Location

Secreted.

Tissue Location

Expressed in lung epithelial cells (at protein level) (PubMed:10837369). Expressed in foreskin, lung and trachea (PubMed:9202117). Lower expression in kidney, uterus and salivary gland tissue (PubMed:9202117). Expressed in epithelial cells of the respiratory tract, with higher expression in distal parenchyma of the lung, trachea, and tonsils, and lower expression in pharynx and adenoid, and low expression in tongue and larynx (PubMed:10837369, PubMed:9831658).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.