

Anti-YBX1 / YB1 Antibody (clone 4F12)

Mouse Anti Human Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # ALS17987

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, E
Primary Accession	P67809
Predicted	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG2a,k
Clone Names	4F12
Calculated MW	35924
Concentration (mg/ml)	1 mg/ml

Additional Information

Gene ID	4904
Alias Symbol	YBX1
Other Names	YBX1, CBF-A, DBPB, CSDB, DNA-binding protein B, MDR-NF1, NSEP-1, NSEP1, Y box binding protein 1, Y-box transcription factor, Y-box-binding protein 1, YB-1, BP-8, CSDA2, EFI-A, Enhancer factor I subunit A, YB1
Target/Specificity	Human YBX1 / YB1
Reconstitution & Storage	Protein A purified
Precautions	Anti-YBX1 / YB1 Antibody (clone 4F12) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	YBX1 (HGNC:8014)
Function	DNA- and RNA-binding protein involved in various processes, such as translational repression, RNA stabilization, mRNA splicing, DNA repair and transcription regulation (PubMed: 10817758 , PubMed: 11698476 , PubMed: 14718551 , PubMed: 18809583 , PubMed: 31358969 , PubMed: 8188694). Predominantly acts as a RNA-binding protein: binds preferentially to the 5'-[CU]CUGCG-3' RNA motif and specifically recognizes mRNA transcripts modified by C5-methylcytosine (m5C) (PubMed: 19561594 , PubMed: 31358969). Promotes mRNA stabilization: acts by binding to m5C-containing mRNAs and recruiting the mRNA stability maintainer ELAVL1, thereby preventing mRNA decay (PubMed: 10817758 , PubMed: 11698476 , PubMed: 31358969). Component of the CRD-mediated complex that promotes

MYC mRNA stability (PubMed:[19029303](#)). Contributes to the regulation of translation by modulating the interaction between the mRNA and eukaryotic initiation factors (By similarity). Plays a key role in RNA composition of extracellular exosomes by defining the sorting of small non-coding RNAs, such as tRNAs, Y RNAs, Vault RNAs and miRNAs (PubMed:[27559612](#), PubMed:[29073095](#)). Probably sorts RNAs in exosomes by recognizing and binding C5-methylcytosine (m5C)-containing RNAs (PubMed:[28341602](#), PubMed:[29073095](#)). Acts as a key effector of epidermal progenitors by preventing epidermal progenitor senescence: acts by regulating the translation of a senescence-associated subset of cytokine mRNAs, possibly by binding to m5C-containing mRNAs (PubMed:[29712925](#)). Also involved in pre-mRNA alternative splicing regulation: binds to splice sites in pre-mRNA and regulates splice site selection (PubMed:[12604611](#)). Binds to TSC22D1 transcripts, thereby inhibiting their translation and negatively regulating TGF-beta- mediated transcription of COL1A2 (By similarity). Also able to bind DNA: regulates transcription of the multidrug resistance gene MDR1 is enhanced in presence of the APEX1 acetylated form at 'Lys-6' and 'Lys- 7' (PubMed:[18809583](#)). Binds to promoters that contain a Y-box (5'-CTGATTGGCCAA-3'), such as MDR1 and HLA class II genes (PubMed:[18809583](#), PubMed:[8188694](#)). Promotes separation of DNA strands that contain mismatches or are modified by cisplatin (PubMed:[14718551](#)). Has endonucleolytic activity and can introduce nicks or breaks into double-stranded DNA, suggesting a role in DNA repair (PubMed:[14718551](#)). The secreted form acts as an extracellular mitogen and stimulates cell migration and proliferation (PubMed:[19483673](#)).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Cytoplasmic granule. Secreted. Secreted, extracellular exosome. Cytoplasm, P-body {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P62960}. Note=Predominantly cytoplasmic in proliferating cells (PubMed:12604611). Cytotoxic stress and DNA damage enhance translocation to the nucleus (PubMed:14718551) Localized in cytoplasmic mRNP granules containing untranslated mRNAs (PubMed:25229427). Shuttles between nucleus and cytoplasm (PubMed:25229427). Localized with DDX1, MBNL1 and TIAL1 in stress granules upon stress (PubMed:18335541). Secreted by mesangial and monocytic cells after inflammatory challenges (PubMed:19483673)

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.