

Anti-OPA1 Antibody (aa901-950)

Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # ALS18375

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	O60313
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	111631

Additional Information

Gene ID	4976
Alias Symbol	OPA1
Other Names	OPA1, KIAA0567, MGM1, LargeG, NPG, NTG, Optic atrophy protein 1
Target/Specificity	OPA1 antibody detects endogenous levels of OPA1.
Reconstitution & Storage	Immunoaffinity purified
Precautions	Anti-OPA1 Antibody (aa901-950) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	OPA1
Function	Dynamin-related GTPase that is essential for normal mitochondrial morphology by mediating fusion of the mitochondrial inner membranes, regulating cristae morphology and maintaining respiratory chain function (PubMed: 16778770 , PubMed: 17709429 , PubMed: 20185555 , PubMed: 24616225 , PubMed: 28628083 , PubMed: 28746876 , PubMed: 31922487 , PubMed: 32228866 , PubMed: 32567732 , PubMed: 33130824 , PubMed: 33237841 , PubMed: 37612504 , PubMed: 37612506). Exists in two forms: the transmembrane, long form (Dynamin-like GTPase OPA1, long form; L-OPA1), which is tethered to the inner mitochondrial membrane, and the short soluble form (Dynamin-like GTPase OPA1, short form; S-OPA1), which results from proteolytic cleavage and localizes in the intermembrane space (PubMed: 31922487 , PubMed: 32228866 , PubMed: 33237841 , PubMed: 37612504 , PubMed: 37612506). Both forms (L-OPA1 and S-OPA1) cooperate to catalyze the fusion of the mitochondrial inner membrane (PubMed: 31922487 ,

PubMed:[37612504](#), PubMed:[37612506](#)). The equilibrium between L-OPA1 and S-OPA1 is essential: excess levels of S-OPA1, produced by cleavage by OMA1 following loss of mitochondrial membrane potential, lead to an impaired equilibrium between L-OPA1 and S-OPA1, inhibiting mitochondrial fusion (PubMed:[20038677](#), PubMed:[31922487](#)). The balance between L-OPA1 and S-OPA1 also influences cristae shape and morphology (By similarity). Involved in remodeling cristae and the release of cytochrome c during apoptosis (By similarity). Proteolytic processing by PARL in response to intrinsic apoptotic signals may lead to disassembly of OPA1 oligomers and release of the caspase activator cytochrome C (CYCS) into the mitochondrial intermembrane space (By similarity). Acts as a regulator of T-helper Th17 cells, which are characterized by cells with fused mitochondria with tight cristae, by mediating mitochondrial membrane remodeling: OPA1 is required for interleukin-17 (IL-17) production (By similarity). Its role in mitochondrial morphology is required for mitochondrial genome maintenance (PubMed:[18158317](#), PubMed:[20974897](#)).

Cellular Location

[Dynammin-like GTPase OPA1, long form]: Mitochondrion inner membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Note=Detected at contact sites between endoplasmic reticulum and mitochondrion membranes.

Tissue Location

Highly expressed in retina (PubMed:11017079, PubMed:11017080, PubMed:11810270). Also expressed in brain, testis, heart and skeletal muscle (PubMed:11810270). Low levels of all isoforms expressed in a variety of tissues (PubMed:11810270) [Isoform 2]: Isoform 2 expressed in colon, liver, kidney, thyroid gland and leukocytes.

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