

Anti-SLC22A2 Antibody (C-Terminus)

Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody

Catalog # ALS18429

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P
Primary Accession	O15244
Predicted	Human, Mouse, Rat
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Calculated MW	62581
Concentration (mg/ml)	1 mg/ml

Additional Information

Gene ID	6582
Alias Symbol	SLC22A2
Other Names	SLC22A2, HOCT2, OCT2, Organic cation transporter 2
Target/Specificity	Recognizes endogenous levels of SLC22A2 protein.
Reconstitution & Storage	Immunoaffinity purified
Precautions	Anti-SLC22A2 Antibody (C-Terminus) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SLC22A2 (HGNC:10966)
Synonyms	OCT2
Function	Electrogenic voltage-dependent transporter that mediates the transport of a variety of organic cations such as endogenous bioactive amines, cationic drugs and xenobiotics (PubMed: 9260930 , PubMed: 9687576). Functions as a Na(+)-independent, bidirectional uniporter (PubMed: 21128598 , PubMed: 9687576). Cation cellular uptake or release is driven by the electrochemical potential, i.e. membrane potential and concentration gradient (PubMed: 15212162 , PubMed: 9260930 , PubMed: 9687576). However, may also engage electroneutral cation exchange when saturating concentrations of cation substrates are reached (By similarity). Predominantly expressed at the basolateral membrane of hepatocytes and proximal tubules and involved in the uptake and disposition of cationic compounds by hepatic and renal clearance from the blood flow (PubMed: 15783073). Implicated in monoamine neurotransmitters uptake such as histamine, dopamine,

adrenaline/epinephrine, noradrenaline/norepinephrine, serotonin and tyramine, thereby supporting a physiological role in the central nervous system by regulating interstitial concentrations of neurotransmitters (PubMed:[16581093](#), PubMed:[17460754](#), PubMed:[9687576](#)). Also capable of transporting dopaminergic neuromodulators cyclo(his- pro), salsolinol and N-methyl-salsolinol, thereby involved in the maintenance of dopaminergic cell integrity in the central nervous system (PubMed:[17460754](#)). Mediates the bidirectional transport of acetylcholine (ACh) at the apical membrane of ciliated cell in airway epithelium, thereby playing a role in luminal release of ACh from bronchial epithelium (PubMed:[15817714](#)). Also transports guanidine and endogenous monoamines such as vitamin B1/thiamine, creatinine and N-1- methylnicotinamide (NMN) (PubMed:[12089365](#), PubMed:[15212162](#), PubMed:[17072098](#), PubMed:[24961373](#), PubMed:[9260930](#)). Mediates the uptake and efflux of quaternary ammonium compound choline (PubMed:[9260930](#)). Mediates the bidirectional transport of polyamine agmatine and the uptake of polyamines putrescine and spermidine (PubMed:[12538837](#), PubMed:[21128598](#)). Able to transport non-amine endogenous compounds such as prostaglandin E2 (PGE2) and prostaglandin F2-alpha (PGF2-alpha) (PubMed:[11907186](#)). Also involved in the uptake of xenobiotic 4-(4- (dimethylamino)styryl)-N-methylpyridinium (ASP) (PubMed:[12395288](#), PubMed:[16394027](#)). May contribute to regulate the transport of organic compounds in testis across the blood-testis-barrier (Probable).

Cellular Location

Basolateral cell membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9R0W2}; Multi-pass membrane protein. Basal cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Note=Localized to the basal membrane of Sertoli cells (PubMed:35307651). Localized to the basolateral membrane of proximal tubule (PubMed:11912245). Localized to the luminal/apical membrane of distal tubule (PubMed:9260930). Localized to the luminal/apical membrane of ciliated epithelial cells in bronchi (PubMed:15817714).

Tissue Location

Mainly expressed in kidney, in the cortex and medulla (PubMed:11912245, PubMed:12089365, PubMed:9260930). Localized in testis, mostly to peritubular myoid cells and Leydig cells and also detected along the basal membrane of Sertoli cells (PubMed:12089365, PubMed:35307651). Expressed in brain, in neurons of the cerebral cortex and in various subcortical nuclei (PubMed:12089365, PubMed:9260930, PubMed:9687576). In the brain, also detected in the dopaminergic regions of the substantia nigra (PubMed:17460754). Expressed in tracheal and bronchial ciliated epithelium in the respiratory tract (PubMed:15817714). Also detected in secretory phase endometrium, in scattered stromal cells (PubMed:17393420). Expressed in spleen, placenta, small intestine and spinal cord (PubMed:12089365, PubMed:9260930). Weakly expressed in prostate, uterus and lung (PubMed:12089365).

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