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Anti-STK24 / MST3 Antibody

Rabbit Anti Human Polyclonal Antibody
Catalog # ALS18513

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, E
Primary Accession	Q9Y6E0
Predicted	Human
Host	Rabbit
Clonality	Polyclonal
Isotype	IgG
Calculated MW	49308

Additional Information

Gene ID	8428
Alias Symbol	STK24
Other Names	STK24, MST-3, MST3, Serine/threonine kinase 24, STE20-like kinase 3, STE20-like kinase MST3, MST3B, STE20, Sterile 20-like kinase 3
Target/Specificity	Human STK24 / MST3
Reconstitution & Storage	Caprylic acid and ammonium sulfate precipitation
Precautions	Anti-STK24 / MST3 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	STK24 (HGNC:11403)
Function	Serine/threonine-protein kinase that acts on both serine and threonine residues and promotes apoptosis in response to stress stimuli and caspase activation. Mediates oxidative-stress-induced cell death by modulating phosphorylation of JNK1-JNK2 (MAPK8 and MAPK9), p38 (MAPK11, MAPK12, MAPK13 and MAPK14) during oxidative stress. Plays a role in a staurosporine-induced caspase-independent apoptotic pathway by regulating the nuclear translocation of AIFM1 and ENDOG and the DNase activity associated with ENDOG. Phosphorylates STK38L on 'Thr-442' and stimulates its kinase activity. In association with STK26 negatively regulates Golgi reorientation in polarized cell migration upon RHO activation (PubMed:27807006). Also regulates cellular migration with alteration of PTPN12 activity and PXN phosphorylation: phosphorylates PTPN12 and inhibits its activity and may regulate PXN phosphorylation through PTPN12. May act as a key regulator of axon regeneration in the optic nerve and radial

	nerve. Part of the striatin-interacting phosphatase and kinase (STRIPAK) complexes. STRIPAK complexes have critical roles in protein (de)phosphorylation and are regulators of multiple signaling pathways including Hippo, MAPK, nuclear receptor and cytoskeleton remodeling. Different types of STRIPAK complexes are involved in a variety of biological processes such as cell growth, differentiation, apoptosis, metabolism and immune regulation (PubMed:18782753).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Membrane. Note=The truncated form (MST3/N) translocates to the nucleus. Colocalizes with STK38L in the membrane
Tissue Location	Isoform A is ubiquitous. Isoform B is expressed in brain with high expression in hippocampus and cerebral cortex

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.