

SUMO1 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM1200a

Product Information

Application	WB, IHC-P, IF, FC, E
Primary Accession	P63165
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	Mouse IgG1
Clone Names	66AT1273.94
Calculated MW	11557

Additional Information

Gene ID	7341
Other Names	Small ubiquitin-related modifier 1, SUMO-1, GAP-modifying protein 1, GMP1, SMT3 homolog 3, Sentrin, Ubiquitin-homology domain protein PIC1, Ubiquitin-like protein SMT3C, Smt3C, Ubiquitin-like protein UBL1, SUMO1, SMT3C, SMT3H3, UBL1
Target/Specificity	Purified recombinant GST-SUMO1 fusion protein was used as immunogen.
Dilution	WB~~1:500~1000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 IF~~1:25 FC~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SUMO1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SUMO1
Synonyms	SMT3C, SMT3H3, UBL1
Function	Ubiquitin-like protein that can be covalently attached to proteins as a monomer or a lysine-linked polymer. Covalent attachment via an isopeptide

bond to its substrates requires prior activation by the E1 complex SAE1-SAE2 and linkage to the E2 enzyme UBE2I, and can be promoted by E3 ligases such as PIAS1-4, RANBP2 or CBX4. This post-translational modification on lysine residues of proteins plays a crucial role in a number of cellular processes such as nuclear transport, DNA replication and repair, mitosis and signal transduction. Involved for instance in targeting RANGAP1 to the nuclear pore complex protein RANBP2. Covalently attached to the voltage-gated potassium channel KCNB1; this modulates the gating characteristics of KCNB1 (PubMed:[19223394](#)). Polymeric SUMO1 chains are also susceptible to polyubiquitination which functions as a signal for proteasomal degradation of modified proteins. May also regulate a network of genes involved in palate development. Covalently attached to ZFH3 (PubMed:[24651376](#)).

Cellular Location

Nucleus membrane. Nucleus speckle {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63166}. Cytoplasm. Nucleus, PML body. Cell membrane. Nucleus. Note=Recruited by BCL11A into the nuclear body (By similarity). In the presence of ZFH3, sequestered to nuclear body (NB)-like dots in the nucleus some of which overlap or closely associate with PML body (PubMed:[24651376](#)) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P63166, ECO:0000269|PubMed:[24651376](#)}

Background

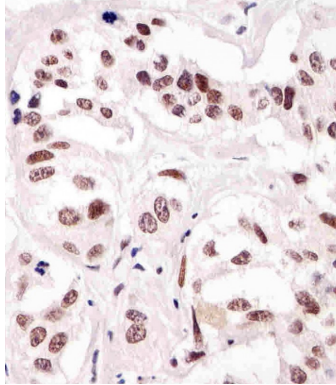
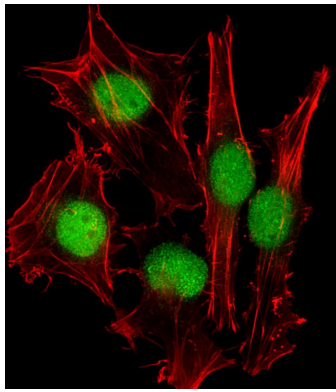
This gene encodes a protein that is a member of the SUMO (small ubiquitin-like modifier) protein family. It functions in a manner similar to ubiquitin in that it is bound to target proteins as part of a post-translational modification system. However, unlike ubiquitin which targets proteins for degradation, this protein is involved in a variety of cellular processes, such as nuclear transport, transcriptional regulation, apoptosis, and protein stability. It is not active until the last four amino acids of the carboxy-terminus have been cleaved off. Several pseudogenes have been reported for this gene. Alternate transcriptional splice variants encoding different isoforms have been characterized.

References

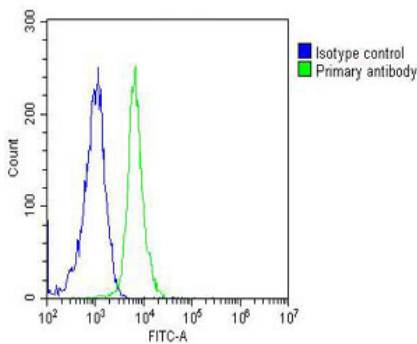
Association Between Polymorphisms at Small Ubiquitin-Like Modifier 1 and Nonsyndromic Orofacial Clefts in Western China. Jia ZL, et al. *DNA Cell Biol*, 2010 Aug 25. PMID 20738159. Maternal genes and facial clefts in offspring: a comprehensive search for genetic associations in two population-based cleft studies from Scandinavia. Jugessur A, et al. *PLoS One*, 2010 Jul 9. PMID 20634891. Variation at the NFATC2 Locus Increases the Risk of Thiazolidinedione-Induced Edema in the Diabetes REDuction Assessment with ramipril and rosiglitazone Medication (DREAM) Study. Bailey SD, et al. *Diabetes Care*, 2010 Jul 13. PMID 20628086. Association between genetic variants of reported candidate genes or regions and risk of cleft lip with or without cleft palate in the polish population. Mostowska A, et al. *Birth Defects Res A Clin Mol Teratol*, 2010 Jul. PMID 20544801. [Effect of SUMO-1 on mitochondria subcellular localization of alpha-synuclein and its degradation via ubiquitin-proteasome system] Chen T, et al. *Zhonghua Yi Xue Yi Chuan Xue Za Zhi*, 2010 Jun. PMID 20533263.

Images

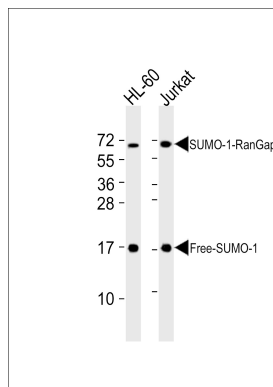
Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HeLa (human cervical epithelial adenocarcinoma cell line) cells labeling SUMO1 with AM1200a at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (NA166821) secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing nucleus and weak cytoplasm staining on HeLa cell line. Cytoplasmic actin is detected with Dylight® 554 Phalloidin (PD18466410) at 1/100 dilution (red).



AM1200a staining SUMO1 in human breast carcinoma tissue sections by Immunohistochemistry (IHC-P - paraformaldehyde-fixed, paraffin-embedded sections). Tissue was fixed with formaldehyde and blocked with 3% BSA for 0.5 hour at room temperature; antigen retrieval was by heat mediation with a citrate buffer (pH6). Samples were incubated with primary antibody (1/25) for 1 hours at 37°C. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary antibody.



Overlay histogram showing Jurkat cells stained with AM1200a (green line). The cells were fixed with 2% paraformaldehyde (10 min) and then permeabilized with 90% methanol for 10 min. The cells were then incubated in 2% bovine serum albumin to block non-specific protein-protein interactions followed by the antibody (AM1200a, 1:25 dilution) for 60 min at 37°C. The secondary antibody used was Goat-Anti-Mouse IgG, DyLight® 488 Conjugated Highly Cross-Adsorbed (OJ192088) at 1/200 dilution for 40 min at 37°C. Isotype control antibody (blue line) was mouse IgG1 (1 µg/1 × 10⁶ cells) used under the same conditions. Acquisition of >10,000 events was performed.



All lanes : Anti-SUMO1 Antibody at 1:4000 dilution Lane 1: HL-60 whole cell lysates Lane 2: Jurkat whole cell lysates Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution Predicted band size : 12 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Citations

- [The Hydrogen-Coupled Oligopeptide Membrane Cotransporter Pept2 is SUMOylated in Kidney Distal Convoluted Tubule Cells](#)
- [The SUMOylation landscape of renal cortical collecting duct cells.](#)
- [Small ubiquitin-like modifier \(SUMO\) modification of E1 Cys domain inhibits E1 Cys domain enzymatic activity.](#)
- [Gold nanoparticles as a platform for creating a multivalent poly-SUMO chain inhibitor that also augments ionizing](#)

[radiation.](#)

- [Insights into high affinity small ubiquitin-like modifier \(SUMO\) recognition by SUMO-interacting motifs \(SIMs\) revealed by a combination of NMR and peptide array analysis.](#)

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