

# LGR5/GPR49 Antibody

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM1992b

## **Product Information**

Application WB, FC, E
Primary Accession O75473
Other Accession NP\_003658.1
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype IgG1

Clone Names 349CT16.1.3.1 Calculated MW 99998 Antigen Region 689-719

# **Additional Information**

Gene ID 8549

Other Names Leucine-rich repeat-containing G-protein coupled receptor 5, G-protein

coupled receptor 49, G-protein coupled receptor 67, G-protein coupled

receptor HG38, LGR5, GPR49, GPR67

**Target/Specificity** This LGR5/GPR49 antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH

conjugated synthetic peptide between 689-719 amino acids from human

LGR5/GPR49.

**Dilution** WB~~1: 2000 FC~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified polyclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is prepared by Saturated Ammonium Sulfate (SAS) precipitation

followed by dialysis against PBS.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** LGR5/GPR49 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name LGR5

**Synonyms** GPR49, GPR67

#### **Function**

Receptor for R-spondins that potentiates the canonical Wnt signaling pathway and acts as a stem cell marker of the intestinal epithelium and the hair follicle. Upon binding to R-spondins (RSPO1, RSPO2, RSPO3 or RSPO4), associates with phosphorylated LRP6 and frizzled receptors that are activated by extracellular Wnt receptors, triggering the canonical Wnt signaling pathway to increase expression of target genes. In contrast to classical G-protein coupled receptors, does not activate heterotrimeric G-proteins to transduce the signal. Involved in the development and/or maintenance of the adult intestinal stem cells during postembryonic development.

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein. Golgi apparatus, trans-Golgi network membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein Note=Rapidly and constitutively internalized to the trans-Golgi network at steady state. Internalization to the trans-Golgi network may be the result of phosphorylation at Ser-861 and Ser-864; however, the phosphorylation event has not been proven (PubMed:23439653)

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in skeletal muscle, placenta, spinal cord, and various region of brain. Expressed at the base of crypts in colonic and small mucosa stem cells. In premalignant cancer expression is not restricted to the cript base. Overexpressed in cancers of the ovary, colon and liver.

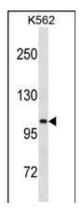
# **Background**

Orphan receptor. Stem cell marker of the intestinal epithelium and the hair follicule. Target gene of Wnt signaling.

## References

Fontaine-Bisson, B., et al. Diabetologia 53(10):2155-2162(2010) Voight, B.F., et al. Nat. Genet. 42(7):579-589(2010) Uchida, H., et al. Cancer Sci. 101(7):1731-1737(2010) Fan, X.S., et al. Int J Colorectal Dis 25(5):583-590(2010) Acevedo, A.C., et al. J. Dent. Res. 89(2):128-132(2010)

# **Images**



LGR5/GPR49 Antibody (Cat. #AM1992b) western blot analysis in K562 cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the LGR5/GPR49 antibody detected the LGR5/GPR49 protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.