

# **BAX Antibody**

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM2087b

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, E **Primary Accession** Q07812 Other Accession NP 004315.1 Reactivity Human Host Mouse Clonality Monoclonal Isotype IgG2b **Clone Names** 557CT5.2.1 **Calculated MW** 21184 28-56 **Antigen Region** 

# **Additional Information**

Gene ID 581

Other Names Apoptosis regulator BAX, Bcl-2-like protein 4, Bcl2-L-4, BAX, BCL2L4

**Target/Specificity** This BAX antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated

synthetic peptide between 28-56 amino acids from human BAX.

**Dilution** WB~~1:500~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis

against PBS.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**BAX Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name BAX

Synonyms BCL2L4

**Function** Plays a role in the mitochondrial apoptotic process (PubMed: 10772918,

PubMed:<u>11060313</u>, PubMed:<u>16113678</u>, PubMed:<u>16199525</u>, PubMed:<u>18948948</u>, PubMed:<u>21199865</u>, PubMed:<u>21458670</u>,

PubMed:<u>25609812</u>, PubMed:<u>36361894</u>, PubMed:<u>8358790</u>, PubMed:<u>8521816</u>). Under normal conditions, BAX is largely cytosolic via constant retrotranslocation from mitochondria to the cytosol mediated by BCL2L1/Bcl-xL, which avoids accumulation of toxic BAX levels at the mitochondrial outer membrane (MOM) (PubMed:<u>21458670</u>). Under stress conditions, undergoes a conformation change that causes translocation to the mitochondrion membrane, leading to the release of cytochrome c that then triggers apoptosis (PubMed:<u>10772918</u>, PubMed:<u>11060313</u>,

PubMed:<u>16113678</u>, PubMed:<u>16199525</u>, PubMed:<u>18948948</u>,

PubMed:<u>21199865</u>, PubMed:<u>21458670</u>, PubMed:<u>25609812</u>, PubMed:<u>8358790</u>, PubMed:<u>8521816</u>). Promotes activation of CASP3, and thereby apoptosis

(PubMed:<u>10772918</u>, PubMed:<u>11060313</u>, PubMed:<u>16113678</u>, PubMed:<u>16199525</u>, PubMed:<u>18948948</u>, PubMed:<u>21199865</u>,

PubMed:<u>21458670</u>, PubMed:<u>25609812</u>, PubMed:<u>8358790</u>, PubMed:<u>8521816</u>).

#### **Cellular Location**

[Isoform Alpha]: Mitochondrion outer membrane; Single-pass membrane protein. Cytoplasm. Nucleus Note=Colocalizes with 14-3-3 proteins in the cytoplasm. Under stress conditions, undergoes a conformation change that causes release from JNK-phosphorylated 14-3-3 proteins and translocation to the mitochondrion membrane. Upon Sendai virus infection, recruited to the mitochondrion through interaction with IRF3 (PubMed:25609812) [Isoform Gamma]: Cytoplasm.

#### **Tissue Location**

Expressed in a wide variety of tissues. Isoform Psi is found in glial tumors. Isoform Alpha is expressed in spleen, breast, ovary, testis, colon and brain, and at low levels in skin and lung Isoform Sigma is expressed in spleen, breast, ovary, testis, lung, colon, brain and at low levels in skin. Isoform Alpha and isoform Sigma are expressed in pro-myelocytic leukemia, histiocytic lymphoma, Burkitt's lymphoma, T-cell lymphoma, lymphoblastic leukemia, breast adenocarcinoma, ovary adenocarcinoma, prostate carcinoma, prostate adenocarcinoma, lung carcinoma, epidermoid carcinoma, small cell lung carcinoma and colon adenocarcinoma cell lines

# **Background**

The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the BCL2 protein family. BCL2 family members form hetero- or homodimers and act as anti- or pro-apoptotic regulators that are involved in a wide variety of cellular activities. This protein forms a heterodimer with BCL2, and functions as an apoptotic activator. This protein is reported to interact with, and increase the opening of, the mitochondrial voltage-dependent anion channel (VDAC), which leads to the loss in membrane potential and the release of cytochrome c. The expression of this gene is regulated by the tumor suppressor P53 and has been shown to be involved in P53-mediated apoptosis. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants, which encode different isoforms, have been reported for this gene.

## References

Bailey, S.D., et al. Diabetes Care 33(10):2250-2253(2010) Montessuit, S., et al. Cell 142(6):889-901(2010) Ding, J., et al. J. Biol. Chem. 285(37):28749-28763(2010) Ho-Pun-Cheung, A., et al. Pharmacogenomics J. (2010) In press: Yu, D.K., et al. Zhonghua Zhong Liu Za Zhi 32(5):324-327(2010)

# **Images**

BAX Antibody(Cat. #AM2087b) western blot analysis in MCF-7 cell line lysates (35µg/lane).This demonstrates the

MCF-7	BAX antibody detected the BAX protein (arrow).
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36	
28	
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