

JUP Antibody (Ascites)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM2123a

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession P14923

Other Accession <u>Q6P0K8, Q8WNW3, Q02257, Q8SPI1, NP 002221.1</u>

Reactivity Human

Predicted Bovine, Mouse, Pig, Rat

Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal
Isotype IgG3
Clone Names 606CT21.5.1
Calculated MW 81745

Additional Information

Antigen Region

Gene ID 3728

Other Names Junction plakoglobin, Catenin gamma, Desmoplakin III, Desmoplakin-3, JUP,

CTNNG, DP3

636-663

Target/SpecificityThis JUP antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated

synthetic peptide between 636-663 amino acids from human JUP.

Dilution WB~~1:100~1600 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Mouse monoclonal antibody supplied in crude ascites with 0.09% (W/V)

sodium azide.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions JUP Antibody (Ascites) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name JUP (HGNC:6207)

Function Common junctional plaque protein. The membrane-associated plaques are

architectural elements in an important strategic position to influence the arrangement and function of both the cytoskeleton and the cells within the tissue. The presence of plakoglobin in both the desmosomes and in the

intermediate junctions suggests that it plays a central role in the structure and function of submembranous plaques. Acts as a substrate for VE-PTP and is required by it to stimulate VE- cadherin function in endothelial cells. Can replace beta-catenin in E- cadherin/catenin adhesion complexes which are proposed to couple cadherins to the actin cytoskeleton (By similarity).

Cellular Location

Cell junction, adherens junction. Cell junction, desmosome. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton. Cell membrane; Peripheral membrane protein. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9PVF7}. Cell junction {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9PVF7}. Nucleus {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9PVF7} Note=Cytoplasmic in a soluble and membrane-associated form. Colocalizes with DSG4 at desmosomes

(PubMed:21495994)

Tissue Location Expressed in the heart (at protein level).

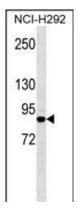
Background

This gene encodes a major cytoplasmic protein which is the only known constituent common to submembranous plaques of both desmosomes and intermediate junctions. This protein forms distinct complexes with cadherins and desmosomal cadherins and is a member of the catenin family since it contains a distinct repeating amino acid motif called the armadillo repeat. Mutation in this gene has been associated with Naxos disease. Alternative splicing occurs in this gene; however, not all transcripts have been fully described.

References

Fressart, V., et al. Europace 12(6):861-868(2010) Cabral, R.M., et al. J. Invest. Dermatol. 130(6):1543-1550(2010) Aktary, Z., et al. Oncogene 29(14):2118-2129(2010) Pryczynicz, A., et al. Folia Histochem. Cytobiol. 48(1):128-133(2010) Czyzewska, J., et al. Folia Histochem. Cytobiol. 48(1):37-45(2010)

Images



JUP Antibody (Ascites)(Cat. #AM2123a) western blot analysis in NCI-H292 cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the JUP antibody detected the JUP protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.