

LOX Antibody (Center)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM2166b

Product Information

Application WB, E Primary Accession P28300

Other Accession P16636, P45845, P28301, NP 002308.2

Reactivity Human

Predicted Mouse, Pig, Rat

HostMouseClonalityMonoclonalIsotypeIgG2bClone Names624CT23.7.3Calculated MW46944Antigen Region234-260

Additional Information

Gene ID 4015

Other Names Protein-lysine 6-oxidase, Lysyl oxidase, LOX

Target/SpecificityThis LOX antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated

synthetic peptide between 234-260 amino acids from the Central region of

human LOX.

Dilution WB~~1:500~1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

Format Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis

against PBS.

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions LOX Antibody (Center) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name LOX

Function Responsible for the post-translational oxidative deamination of peptidyl

lysine residues in precursors to fibrous collagen and elastin

(PubMed: <u>26838787</u>). Regulator of Ras expression. May play a role in tumor

suppression. Plays a role in the aortic wall architecture (By similarity).

Cellular Location Secreted. Secreted, extracellular space

Tissue Location Heart, placenta, skeletal muscle, kidney, lung and pancreas.

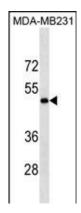
Background

The protein encoded by this gene is an extracellular copper enzyme that initiates the crosslinking of collagens and elastin. The enzyme catalyzes oxidative deamination of the epsilon-amino group in certain lysine and hydroxylysine residues of collagens and lysine residues of elastin. In addition to crosslinking extracellular matrix proteins, the encoded protein may have a role in tumor suppression. Defects in this gene are a cause of autosomal recessive cutis laxa type I (CL type I). Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

References

Gao, Y., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 107(44):18892-18897(2010) Santhanam, A.N., et al. Oncogene 29(27):3921-3932(2010) Liu, C.Y., et al. Carcinogenesis 31(7):1259-1263(2010) Rose, J.E., et al. Mol. Med. 16 (7-8), 247-253 (2010): Wang, X., et al. PLoS ONE 5 (8), E11934 (2010):

Images



LOX Antibody (Center) (Cat. #AM2166b) western blot analysis in MDA-MB231 cell line lysates (35µg/lane). This demonstrates the LOX antibody detected the LOX protein (arrow).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.