

# CYP1A1 Antibody (C-term)

Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)

Catalog # AM2174B

## Product Information

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Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<a href="#">P04798</a>
Other Accession	<a href="#">P33616</a> , <a href="#">NP_000490</a>
Reactivity	Human
Predicted	Monkey
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1
Clone Names	655CT6.1.2
Calculated MW	58165
Antigen Region	377-405

## Additional Information

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Gene ID	1543
Other Names	Cytochrome P450 1A1, CYP1A1, Cytochrome P450 form 6, Cytochrome P450-C, Cytochrome P450-P1, CYP1A1
Target/Specificity	This CYP1A1 antibody is generated from mice immunized with a KLH conjugated synthetic peptide between 377-405 amino acids from the C-terminal region of human CYP1A1.
Dilution	WB~~1:100~1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	CYP1A1 Antibody (C-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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Name	CYP1A1 {ECO:0000303 PubMed:10681376, ECO:0000312 HGNC:HGNC:2595}
Function	A cytochrome P450 monooxygenase involved in the metabolism of various

endogenous substrates, including fatty acids, steroid hormones and vitamins (PubMed:[10681376](#), PubMed:[11555828](#), PubMed:[12865317](#), PubMed:[14559847](#), PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[15805301](#), PubMed:[18577768](#), PubMed:[19965576](#), PubMed:[20972997](#)). Mechanistically, uses molecular oxygen inserting one oxygen atom into a substrate, and reducing the second into a water molecule, with two electrons provided by NADPH via cytochrome P450 reductase (NADPH--hemoprotein reductase) (PubMed:[10681376](#), PubMed:[11555828](#), PubMed:[12865317](#), PubMed:[14559847](#), PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[15805301](#), PubMed:[18577768](#), PubMed:[19965576](#), PubMed:[20972997](#)). Catalyzes the hydroxylation of carbon-hydrogen bonds. Exhibits high catalytic activity for the formation of hydroxyestrogens from estrone (E1) and 17beta-estradiol (E2), namely 2-hydroxy E1 and E2, as well as D-ring hydroxylated E1 and E2 at the C15-alpha and C16- alpha positions (PubMed:[11555828](#), PubMed:[12865317](#), PubMed:[14559847](#), PubMed:[15805301](#)). Displays different regioselectivities for polyunsaturated fatty acids (PUFA) hydroxylation (PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[18577768](#)). Catalyzes the epoxidation of double bonds of certain PUFA (PubMed:[15041462](#), PubMed:[19965576](#), PubMed:[20972997](#)). Converts arachidonic acid toward epoxyeicosatrienoic acid (EET) regioisomers, 8,9-, 11,12-, and 14,15-EET, that function as lipid mediators in the vascular system (PubMed:[20972997](#)). Displays an absolute stereoselectivity in the epoxidation of eicosapentaenoic acid (EPA) producing the 17(R),18(S) enantiomer (PubMed:[15041462](#)). May play an important role in all-trans retinoic acid biosynthesis in extrahepatic tissues. Catalyzes two successive oxidative transformation of all-trans retinol to all-trans retinal and then to the active form all-trans retinoic acid (PubMed:[10681376](#)). May also participate in eicosanoids metabolism by converting hydroperoxide species into oxo metabolites (lipoxygenase-like reaction, NADPH-independent) (PubMed:[21068195](#)).

#### Cellular Location

Endoplasmic reticulum membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}. Mitochondrion inner membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}. Microsome membrane {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}; Peripheral membrane protein {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}. Cytoplasm {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:P00185}

#### Tissue Location

Lung, lymphocytes and placenta.

## Background

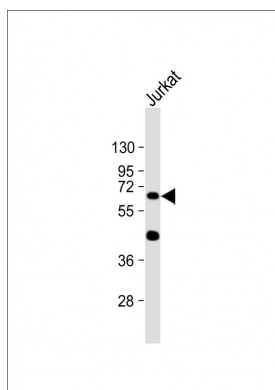
This gene, CYP1A1, encodes a member of the cytochrome P450 superfamily of enzymes. The cytochrome P450 proteins are monooxygenases which catalyze many reactions involved in drug metabolism and synthesis of cholesterol, steroids and other lipids. This protein localizes to the endoplasmic reticulum and its expression is induced by some polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAHs), some of which are found in cigarette smoke. The enzyme's endogenous substrate is unknown; however, it is able to metabolize some PAHs to carcinogenic intermediates. The gene has been associated with lung cancer risk. A related family member, CYP1A2, is located approximately 25 kb away from CYP1A1 on chromosome 15.

## References

- Pande, M., et al. Mol. Carcinog. 49(11):974-980(2010)  
 Sabitha, K., et al. Cancer Epidemiol 34(5):587-592(2010)  
 Kumar, V., et al. Chemosphere 81(4):464-468(2010)  
 Yamaguti, G.G., et al. Acta Haematol. 124(3):182-184(2010)  
 Olsen, J.V., et al. Cell 127(3):635-648(2006)

## Images

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Anti- at 1:1000 dilution + Jurkat whole cell lysate  
Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat  
Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000  
dilution. Predicted band size : 58 kDa Blocking/Dilution  
buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

## Citations

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- [Resveratrol and its methoxy derivatives modulate the expression of estrogen metabolism enzymes in breast epithelial cells by AhR down-regulation.](#)

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.