

# TOP1 Antibody (N-term)

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM2253a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, FC, E **Primary Accession** P11387

Reactivity Human, Rat, Mouse

HostMouseClonalityMonoclonalIsotypeIgG1,κ

**Clone Names** 1291CT875.142.166

Calculated MW 90726

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 7150

Other Names DNA topoisomerase 1, DNA topoisomerase I, TOP1

**Target/Specificity** This TOP1 antibody is generated from a mouse immunized with a

recombinant protein from the N-terminal region of human TOP1.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 FC~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis

against PBS.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions**TOP1 Antibody (N-term) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic

or therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name TOP1

**Function** Releases the supercoiling and torsional tension of DNA introduced during

the DNA replication and transcription by transiently cleaving and rejoining

one strand of the DNA duplex. Introduces a single-strand break via

transesterification at a target site in duplex DNA. The scissile phosphodiester is attacked by the catalytic tyrosine of the enzyme, resulting in the formation of a DNA-(3'-phosphotyrosyl)- enzyme intermediate and the expulsion of a 5'-OH DNA strand. The free DNA strand then rotates around the intact

phosphodiester bond on the opposing strand, thus removing DNA supercoils. Finally, in the religation step, the DNA 5'-OH attacks the covalent intermediate to expel the active-site tyrosine and restore the DNA phosphodiester backbone (By similarity). Regulates the alternative splicing of tissue factor (F3) pre-mRNA in endothelial cells. Involved in the circadian transcription of the core circadian clock component BMAL1 by altering the chromatin structure around the ROR response elements (ROREs) on the BMAL1 promoter.

**Cellular Location** 

Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Note=Diffuse nuclear localization with some enrichment in nucleoli. On CPT treatment, cleared from nucleoli into nucleoplasm. Sumoylated forms found in both nucleoplasm and nucleoli

**Tissue Location** 

Endothelial cells...

## **Background**

Releases the supercoiling and torsional tension of DNA introduced during the DNA replication and transcription by transiently cleaving and rejoining one strand of the DNA duplex. Introduces a single-strand break via transesterification at a target site in duplex DNA. The scissile phosphodiester is attacked by the catalytic tyrosine of the enzyme, resulting in the formation of a DNA-(3'-phosphotyrosyl)-enzyme intermediate and the expulsion of a 5'-OH DNA strand. The free DNA strand then undergoes passage around the unbroken strand thus removing DNA supercoils. Finally, in the religation step, the DNA 5'-OH attacks the covalent intermediate to expel the active-site tyrosine and restore the DNA phosphodiester backbone (By similarity). Regulates the alternative splicing of tissue factor (F3) pre-mRNA in endothelial cells.

### References

D'Arpa P., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85:2543-2547(1988).

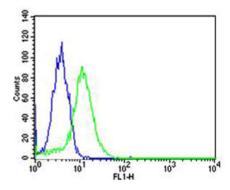
Kunze N., et al.J. Biol. Chem. 266:9610-9616(1991).

Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

Deloukas P., et al. Nature 414:865-871(2001).

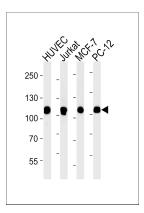
Mural R.J., et al. Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases.

# **Images**



Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells using TOP1 Antibody (N-term)(green, Cat#AM2253a) compared to an isotype control of mouse IgG1(blue). AM2253a was diluted at 1:25 dilution. An Alexa Fluor® 488 goat anti-mouse IgG at 1:400 dilution was used as the secondary antibody.

Western blot analysis of lysates from HUVEC, Jurkat, MCF-7, PC-12 cell line (from left to right), using TOP1 Antibody (N-term) (Cat. #AM2253a). AM2253a was diluted at 1:1000 at each lane. A goat anti-mouse IgG H&L(HRP) at 1:5000 dilution was used as the secondary antibody. Lysates at 35µg per lane.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.