

# **KRT19 Antibody**

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM8477b

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC-P, IF, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Isotype
Clone Names
Calculated MW
P08727
Human

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3880

Other Names Keratin, type I cytoskeletal 19, Cytokeratin-19, CK-19, Keratin-19, K19, KRT19

**Target/Specificity**This antibody is generated from a mouse immunized with a recombinant

protein of human.

**Dilution** WB~~1:4000 IHC-P~~1:100~500 IF~~1:25 E~~Use at an assay dependent

concentration.

**Format** Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis

against PBS.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** KRT19 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name KRT19

**Function** Involved in the organization of myofibers. Together with KRT8, helps to link

the contractile apparatus to dystrophin at the costameres of striated muscle.

**Tissue Location** Expressed in a defined zone of basal keratinocytes in the deep outer root

sheath of hair follicles. Also observed in sweat gland and mammary gland

ductal and secretory cells, bile ducts, gastrointestinal tract, bladder

urothelium, oral epithelia, esophagus, ectocervical epithelium (at protein level). Expressed in epidermal basal cells, in nipple epidermis and a defined region of the hair follicle. Also seen in a subset of vascular wall cells in both the veins and artery of human umbilical cord, and in umbilical cord vascular smooth muscle. Observed in muscle fibers accumulating in the costameres of myoplasm at the sarcolemma in structures that contain dystrophin and spectrin.

## **Background**

Involved in the organization of myofibers. Together with KRT8, helps to link the contractile apparatus to dystrophin at the costameres of striated muscle.

## References

Stasiak P.C., et al. Nucleic Acids Res. 15:10058-10058(1987).

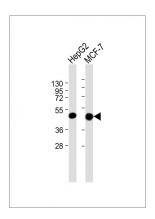
Bader B.L., et al. Eur. J. Cell Biol. 47:300-319(1988).

Eckert R.L., et al. Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 85:1114-1118(1988).

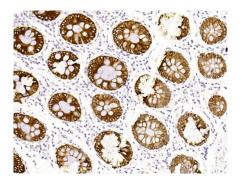
Stasiak P.C., et al. J. Invest. Dermatol. 92:707-716(1989).

Whittock N.V., et al. Biochem. Biophys. Res. Commun. 267:462-465(2000).

## **Images**



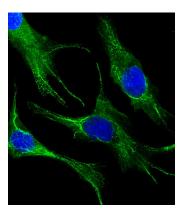
All lanes: Anti-KRT19 at 1:8000 dilution Lane 1: HepG2 whole cell lysate Lane 2: MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 44 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded Human Colon cancer section using Pink1(Cat#AM8477b). AM8477b was diluted at 1:400 dilution. A undiluted biotinylated goat polyvalent antibody was used as the secondary, followed by DAB staining.

Immunofluorescent analysis of 4% paraformaldehyde-fixed, 0.1% Triton X-100 permeabilized HepG2 (human liver hepatocellular carcinoma cell line) cells labeling KRT19 with AM8477b at 1/25 dilution, followed by Dylight® 488-conjugated goat anti-mouse IgG (NA166821) secondary antibody at 1/200 dilution (green). Immunofluorescence image showing intermediate filaments staining on HepG2 cell line. The

nuclear counter stain is DAPI (blue).



## **Citations**

• Differential miRNA expression profiles in human keratinocytes in response to protein kinase C inhibitor.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.