

# MDM2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM8613b

### **Product Information**

ApplicationWB, EPrimary AccessionQ00987ReactivityHumanHostMouseClonalitymonoclonalIsotypeIgG1,k

**Clone Names** 1806CT309.52.1

Calculated MW 55233

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 4193

Other Names E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase Mdm2, 6.3.2.-, Double minute 2 protein, Hdm2,

Oncoprotein Mdm2, p53-binding protein Mdm2, MDM2

**Target/Specificity** This MDM2 antibody is generated from a mouse immunized with a

recombinant protein between 196-435 amino acids from the human MDM2.

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.

**Format** Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide.

This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis

against PBS.

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** MDM2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name MDM2

**Function** E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination of p53/TP53,

leading to its degradation by the proteasome (PubMed:<u>29681526</u>). Inhibits p53/TP53- and p73/TP73-mediated cell cycle arrest and apoptosis by binding its transcriptional activation domain. Also acts as a ubiquitin ligase E3 toward

itself and ARRB1. Permits the nuclear export of p53/TP53. Promotes proteasome-dependent ubiquitin- independent degradation of

retinoblastoma RB1 protein. Inhibits DAXX- mediated apoptosis by inducing its ubiquitination and degradation. Component of the

TRIM28/KAP1-MDM2-p53/TP53 complex involved in stabilizing p53/TP53. Also a component of the TRIM28/KAP1-ERBB4-MDM2 complex which links growth factor and DNA damage response pathways. Mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasome degradation of DYRK2 in nucleus. Ubiquitinates IGF1R and SNAI1 and promotes them to proteasomal degradation

(PubMed:<u>12821780</u>, PubMed:<u>15053880</u>, PubMed:<u>15195100</u>,

PubMed: 15632057, PubMed: 16337594, PubMed: 17290220, PubMed: 19098711, PubMed: 19219073, PubMed: 19837670,

PubMed: 19965871, PubMed: 20173098, PubMed: 20385133,

PubMed: 20858735, PubMed: 22128911). Ubiquitinates DCX, leading to DCX degradation and reduction of the dendritic spine density of olfactory bulb granule cells (By similarity). Ubiquitinates DLG4, leading to proteasomal degradation of DLG4 which is required for AMPA receptor endocytosis (By similarity). Negatively regulates NDUFS1, leading to decreased mitochondrial respiration, marked oxidative stress, and commitment to the mitochondrial pathway of apoptosis (PubMed: 30879903). Binds NDUFS1 leading to its cytosolic retention rather than mitochondrial localization resulting in decreased supercomplex assembly (interactions between complex I and

complex III), decreased complex I activity, ROS production, and apoptosis

(PubMed:30879903).

#### **Cellular Location**

Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleolus. Nucleus. Note=Expressed predominantly in the nucleoplasm. Interaction with ARF(P14) results in the localization of both proteins to the nucleolus. The nucleolar localization signals in both ARF(P14) and MDM2 may be necessary to allow efficient nucleolar localization of both proteins. Colocalizes with RASSF1 isoform A in the nucleus

#### **Tissue Location**

Ubiquitous. Isoform Mdm2-A, isoform Mdm2-B, isoform Mdm2-C, isoform Mdm2-D, isoform Mdm2-E, isoform Mdm2-F and isoform Mdm2-G are observed in a range of cancers but absent in normal tissues

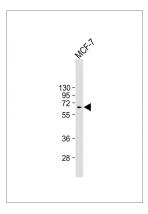
## **Background**

E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase that mediates ubiquitination of p53/TP53, leading to its degradation by the proteasome. Inhibits p53/TP53- and p73/TP73-mediated cell cycle arrest and apoptosis by binding its transcriptional activation domain. Also acts as a ubiquitin ligase E3 toward itself and ARRB1. Permits the nuclear export of p53/TP53. Promotes proteasome-dependent ubiquitin-independent degradation of retinoblastoma RB1 protein. Inhibits DAXX-mediated apoptosis by inducing its ubiquitination and degradation. Component of the TRIM28/KAP1-MDM2-p53/TP53 complex involved in stabilizing p53/TP53. Also component of the TRIM28/KAP1-ERBB4-MDM2 complex which links growth factor and DNA damage response pathways. Mediates ubiquitination and subsequent proteasome degradation of DYRK2 in nucleus. Ubiquitinates IGF1R and SNAI1 and promotes them to proteasomal degradation.

#### References

Oliner J.D., et al. Nature 358:80-83(1992). Sigalas I., et al. Nat. Med. 2:912-917(1996). Veldhoen N., et al. Oncogene 18:7026-7033(1999). Tamborini E., et al. Int. J. Cancer 92:790-796(2001). Ota T., et al. Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004).

# **Images**



Anti-MDM2 Antibody at 1:4000 dilution + MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size: 55 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.