

ABCB4 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab) Catalog # AM8624b

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	<u>P21439</u>
Reactivity	Human, Rat, Mouse
Host	Mouse
Clonality	monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1,k
Clone Names	1808CT346.21.23
Calculated MW	141523

Additional Information

Gene ID	5244
Other Names	Multidrug resistance protein 3, 3.6.3.44, ATP-binding cassette sub-family B member 4, P-glycoprotein 3, ABCB4, MDR3, PGY3
Target/Specificity	This ABCB4 antibody is generated from a mouse immunized with a recombinant protein of human ABCB4.
Dilution	WB~~1:4000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	ABCB4 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	ABCB4 (<u>HGNC:45</u>)
Function	[Isoform 1]: Energy-dependent phospholipid efflux translocator that acts as a positive regulator of biliary lipid secretion. Functions as a floppase that translocates specifically phosphatidylcholine (PC) from the inner to the outer leaflet of the canalicular membrane bilayer into the canaliculi of hepatocytes. Translocation of PC makes the biliary phospholipids available for extraction into the canaliculi lumen by bile salt mixed micelles and therefore protects

	the biliary tree from the detergent activity of bile salts (PubMed: <u>17523162</u> , PubMed: <u>21820390</u> , PubMed: <u>23468132</u> , PubMed: <u>24594635</u> , PubMed: <u>24723470</u> , PubMed: <u>24806754</u> , PubMed: <u>31873305</u> , PubMed: <u>7957936</u> , PubMed: <u>8898203</u> , PubMed: <u>9366571</u>). Plays a role in the recruitment of phosphatidylcholine (PC), phosphatidylethanolamine (PE) and sphingomyelin (SM) molecules to nonraft membranes and to further enrichment of SM and cholesterol in raft membranes in hepatocytes (PubMed: <u>23468132</u>). Required for proper phospholipid bile formation (By similarity). Indirectly involved in cholesterol efflux activity from hepatocytes into the canalicular lumen in the presence of bile salts in an ATP-dependent manner (PubMed: <u>24045840</u>). Promotes biliary phospholipid secretion as canaliculi-containing vesicles from the canalicular plasma membrane (PubMed: <u>28012258</u> , PubMed: <u>9366571</u>). In cooperation with ATP8B1, functions to protect hepatocytes from the deleterious detergent activity of bile salts (PubMed: <u>21820390</u>). Does not confer multidrug resistance (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:000255 PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00441}. Apical cell membrane; Multi-pass membrane protein {ECO:000255 PROSITE-ProRule:PRU00441}. Membrane raft. Cytoplasm Cytoplasmic vesicle, clathrin-coated vesicle {ECO:000250 UniProtKB:Q08201}. Note=Localized at the apical canalicular membrane of the epithelial cells lining the lumen of the bile canaliculi and biliary ductules (By similarity). Transported from the Golgi to the apical bile canalicular membrane in a RACK1-dependent manner (PubMed:19674157). Redistributed into pseudocanaliculi formed between cells in a bezafibrate- or PPARA-dependent manner (PubMed:15258199). Localized preferentially in lipid nonraft domains of canalicular plasma membranes (PubMed:23468132) {ECO:000250 UniProtKB:P21440, ECO:0000269 PubMed:15258199, ECO:000269 PubMed:19674157, ECO:0000269 PubMed:23468132}

Background

Mediates ATP-dependent export of organic anions and drugs from the cytoplasm. Hydrolyzes ATP with low efficiency. Not capable of conferring drug resistance. Mediates the translocation of phosphatidylcholine across the canalicular membrane of the hepatocyte.

References

van der Bliek A.M.,et al.Gene 71:401-411(1988). Hillier L.W.,et al.Nature 424:157-164(2003). Scherer S.W.,et al.Science 300:767-772(2003). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Smit J.J.,et al.Biochim. Biophys. Acta 1261:44-56(1995).

Images

Anti-ABCB4 Antibody at 1:4000 dilution + MCF-7 whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 142 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



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