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SMURF2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody (Mab)
Catalog # AM8633b

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	Q9HAU4
Reactivity	Human, Mouse
Predicted	Rat, Bovine, Canine, Rabbit, Chicken
Host	Mouse
Clonality	monoclonal
Isotype	IgG1,k
Clone Names	1826CT865.51.28
Calculated MW	86196

Additional Information

Gene ID	64750
Other Names	E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase SMURF2, hSMURF2, 6.3.2.-, SMAD ubiquitination regulatory factor 2, SMAD-specific E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase 2, SMURF2
Target/Specificity	This SMURF2 antibody is generated from a mouse immunized with a recombinant protein of human SMURF2.
Dilution	WB~~1:2000-1:4000 E~~Use at an assay dependent concentration.
Format	Purified monoclonal antibody supplied in PBS with 0.09% (W/V) sodium azide. This antibody is purified through a protein G column, followed by dialysis against PBS.
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 2 weeks. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	SMURF2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	SMURF2 (HGNC:16809)
Function	E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase which accepts ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates (PubMed:11016919, PubMed:38016474). Interacts with SMAD7 to trigger SMAD7-mediated transforming growth factor beta/TGF-beta receptor ubiquitin-dependent

	degradation, thereby down-regulating TGF-beta signaling (PubMed:11163210, PubMed:12717440, PubMed:21791611). In addition, interaction with SMAD7 activates autocatalytic degradation, which is prevented by interaction with AIMP1 (PubMed:18448069). Also forms a stable complex with TGF-beta receptor-mediated phosphorylated SMAD1, SMAD2 and SMAD3, and targets SMAD1 and SMAD2 for ubiquitination and proteasome-mediated degradation (PubMed:11016919, PubMed:11158580, PubMed:11389444). SMAD2 may recruit substrates, such as SNON, for ubiquitin-dependent degradation (PubMed:11389444). Negatively regulates TGFB1-induced epithelial-mesenchymal transition and myofibroblast differentiation (PubMed:30696809). Acts as an activator of ferroptosis by mediating ubiquitination and degradation of GSTP1, thereby preventing detoxification of 4-hydroxynonenal (4-HNE) reactive aldehyde (PubMed:38016474). Acts as a positive regulator of smoothened signaling pathway by mediating ubiquitination of PTCH1, leading to endocytosis and lysosomal degradation of PTCH1 (By similarity).
Cellular Location	Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Cell membrane. Membrane raft. Note=Cytoplasmic in the presence of SMAD7. Colocalizes with CAV1, SMAD7 and TGF-beta receptor in membrane rafts
Tissue Location	Widely expressed.

Background

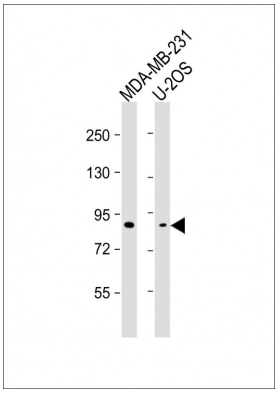
E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase which accepts ubiquitin from an E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme in the form of a thioester and then directly transfers the ubiquitin to targeted substrates. Interacts with SMAD1 and SMAD7 in order to trigger their ubiquitination and proteasome-dependent degradation. In addition, interaction with SMAD7 activates autocatalytic degradation, which is prevented by interaction with SCYE1. Forms a stable complex with the TGF-beta receptor-mediated phosphorylated SMAD2 and SMAD3. In this way, SMAD2 may recruit substrates, such as SNON, for ubiquitin-mediated degradation. Enhances the inhibitory activity of SMAD7 and reduces the transcriptional activity of SMAD2. Coexpression of SMURF2 with SMAD1 results in considerable decrease in steady-state level of SMAD1 protein and a smaller decrease of SMAD2 level.

References

Kavsak P.,et al.Mol. Cell 6:1365-1375(2000).
Lin X.,et al.J. Biol. Chem. 275:36818-36822(2000).
Zhang Y.,et al.Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci. U.S.A. 98:974-979(2001).
Bonni S.,et al.Nat. Cell Biol. 3:587-595(2001).
Di Guglielmo G.M.,et al.Nat. Cell Biol. 5:410-421(2003).

Images

All lanes : Anti-SMURF2 Antibody at 1:2000-1:4000 dilution Lane 1: MDA-MB-231 whole cell lysate Lane 2: U-2OS whole cell lysate Lysates/proteins at 20 µg per lane. Secondary Goat Anti-mouse IgG, (H+L), Peroxidase conjugated at 1/10000 dilution. Predicted band size : 86 kDa Blocking/Dilution buffer: 5% NFDM/TBST.



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.