

Anti-Amyloid Precursor Protein Antibody

Our Anti-Amyloid Precursor Protein rabbit polyclonal primary antibody from PhosphoSolutions is produ Catalog # AN1310

Product Information

ApplicationWBPrimary AccessionP08592HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeIgGCalculated MW86704

Additional Information

Other Names

Gene ID 54226

A4 amyloid protein antibody, A4_HUMAN antibody, AAA antibody, ABETA antibody, ABPP antibody, AD1 antibody, AICD-50 antibody, AICD-57 antibody, AICD-59 antibody, AID(50) antibody, AID(57) antibody, AID(59) antibody, Alzheimer disease amyloid protein antibody, Amyloid beta (A4) precursor protein antibody, Amyloid beta A4 protein antibody, Amyloid beta protein antibody, Amyloid intracellular domain 50 antibody, Amyloid intracellular domain 57 antibody, Amyloid intracellular domain 59 antibody, Amyloid precursor protein antibody, APP antibody, APPI antibody, Beta amyloid peptide antibody, Beta-amyloid precursor protein antibody, Beta-APP40 antibody, Beta-APP42 antibody, C31 antibody, Cerebral vascular amyloid peptide antibody, CTFgamma antibody, CVAP antibody, Gamma-CTF(50) antibody, Gamma-CTF(57) antibody, Gamma-CTF(59) antibody, PN 2 antibody, PN II antibody, PN-II antibody, PN2 antibody, Protease nexin II antibody, Protease nexin-II

antibody, S-APP-alpha antibody, S-APP-beta antibody

Target/Specificity A large body of evidence has implicated the amyloid precursor protein (APP)

in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease (AD) (Kamenetz et al., 2003). The

phosphorylation of APP at Thr668 is thought to play a critical role in

generation of the soluble APP (beta) and beta-amyloid peptide (abeta) which are the major components of senile plaques in patient brains inflicted with AD

(Liu et al., 2003; Ando et al., 2001).

Dilution WB~~1:1000

Format Antigen Affinity Purified from Pooled Serum

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

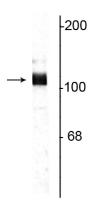
Precautions Anti-Amyloid Precursor Protein Antibody is for research use only and not for

use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Background

A large body of evidence has implicated the amyloid precursor protein (APP) in the pathogenesis of Alzheimer's disease (AD) (Kamenetz et al., 2003). The phosphorylation of APP at Thr668 is thought to play a critical role in generation of the soluble APP (beta) and beta-amyloid peptide (abeta) which are the major components of senile plaques in patient brains inflicted with AD (Liu et al., 2003; Ando et al., 2001).

Images



Western blot of rat hippocampal lysate showing specific immunolabeling of the ~115 kDa APP protein.

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