

# Anti-Synaptotagmin 1 Antibody

Our Anti-synaptotagmin 1 rabbit polyclonal primary antibody from PhosphoSolutions is produced in-house

Catalog # AN1569

## Product Information

<b>Application</b>	WB
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P21707</a>
<b>Host</b>	Rabbit
<b>Clonality</b>	Polyclonal
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG
<b>Calculated MW</b>	47399

## Additional Information

<b>Gene ID</b>	25716
<b>Other Names</b>	DKFZp781D2042 antibody, FLJ42519 antibody, P65 antibody, SVP65 antibody, synaptotagmin 1 antibody, Synaptotagmin I antibody, SYT antibody, SYT1 antibody, SytI antibody
<b>Target/Specificity</b>	Synaptotagmin 1 is a synaptic vesicle membrane glycoprotein that is widely expressed throughout the CNS and is generally thought to act as the Ca <sup>2+</sup> sensor in the regulation of exocytosis and neurotransmitter release (Littleton and Bellen 1995). Recent studies indicate that synaptotagmin's Ca <sup>2+</sup> mediated binding of SNAP25 is essential for the Ca <sup>2+</sup> dependent triggering of membrane fusion (Zhang et al., 2002). It has recently been demonstrated that discrete residues within the c(2)b binding domain of synaptotagmin 1 independently specify endocytic rate and synaptic vesicle size (Poskanzer et al., 2006).
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~1:1000
<b>Format</b>	Antigen Affinity Purified from Pooled Serum
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	Anti-Synaptotagmin 1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.
<b>Shipping</b>	Blue Ice

## Background

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SNAP25 is essential for the  $\text{Ca}^{2+}$  dependent triggering of membrane fusion (Zhang et al., 2002). It has recently been demonstrated that discrete residues within the c(2)b binding domain of synaptotagmin 1 independently specify endocytic rate and synaptic vesicle size (Poskanzer et al., 2006).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.