

## Anti-TREM2 Antibody

Our Anti-TREM2 primary antibody from PhosphoSolutions is rabbit polyclonal. It detects mouse TREM2 a Catalog # AN1586

## **Product Information**

ApplicationWB, ICCPrimary AccessionQ9NZC2HostRabbitClonalityPolyclonalIsotypeIgGCalculated MW25447

## **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 54209

Other Names Triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 2

**Target/Specificity** Triggering receptor expressed on myeloid cells 2, TREM2, is a type I

transmembrane innate immune receptor predominantly expressed by microglia in the central nervous system and is genetically linked to the risk for Alzheimer's disease (Schmid, C.D., et al., 2002). TREM2 has been shown to be a specific marker for alternatively activated microglia known as M2 cells (Cherry, J.D. et al., 2014). TREM2 binds to its adaptor, DNAX-activating protein (DAP12) on the surface of microglia to enact innate immune responses and downstream cellular responses or signaling pathways (Jay,T.R, et al., 2017). TREM2 has important roles in microglial phagocytosis of apoptotic neurons, damaged myelin, and amyloid plaques (Gratuze, M., et al., 2018). In early brain development, TREM2 is essential for synaptic pruning (Filipello, F. et al.,

2018).

**Dilution** WB~~1:1000 ICC~~N/A

**Format** Antigen Affinity Purified from Pooled Serum

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** Anti-TREM2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Shipping Blue Ice

## **Background**

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risk for Alzheimer's disease (Schmid, C.D., et al., 2002). TREM2 has been shown to be a specific marker for alternatively activated microglia known as M2 cells (Cherry, J.D. et al., 2014). TREM2 binds to its adaptor, DNAX-activating protein (DAP12) on the surface of microglia to enact innate immune responses and downstream cellular responses or signaling pathways (Jay,T.R, et al., 2017). TREM2 has important roles in microglial phagocytosis of apoptotic neurons, damaged myelin, and amyloid plaques (Gratuze, M., et al., 2018). In early brain development, TREM2 is essential for synaptic pruning (Filipello, F. et al., 2018).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.