

EphA4 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO1183a

Product Information

Application	WB, E
Primary Accession	P54764
Reactivity	Human
Host	Mouse
Clonality	Monoclonal
Clone Names	7D3D4
Isotype	IgG1
Calculated MW	109860
Description	EphA4: EPH receptor A4. This gene belongs to the ephrin receptor subfamily of the protein-tyrosine kinase family. EPH and EPH-related receptors have been implicated in mediating developmental events, particularly in the nervous system. Receptors in the EPH subfamily typically have a single kinase domain and an extracellular region containing a Cys-rich domain and 2 fibronectin type III repeats. The ephrin receptors are divided into 2 groups based on the similarity of their extracellular domain sequences and their affinities for binding ephrin-A and ephrin-B ligands.
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of EphA4 (aa777-986) expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

Additional Information

Gene ID	2043
Other Names	Ephrin type-A receptor 4, 2.7.10.1, EPH-like kinase 8, EK8, hEK8, Tyrosine-protein kinase TYRO1, Tyrosine-protein kinase receptor SEK, EPHA4, HEK8, SEK, TYRO1
Dilution	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 E~~N/A
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	EphA4 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

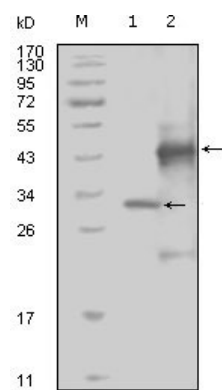
Name	EPHA4
Synonyms	HEK8, SEK, TYRO1
Function	<p>Receptor tyrosine kinase which binds membrane-bound ephrin family ligands residing on adjacent cells, leading to contact-dependent bidirectional signaling into neighboring cells. The signaling pathway downstream of the receptor is referred to as forward signaling while the signaling pathway downstream of the ephrin ligand is referred to as reverse signaling. Highly promiscuous, it has the unique property among Eph receptors to bind and to be physiologically activated by both GPI- anchored ephrin-A and transmembrane ephrin-B ligands including EFNA1 and EFNB3. Upon activation by ephrin ligands, modulates cell morphology and integrin-dependent cell adhesion through regulation of the Rac, Rap and Rho GTPases activity. Plays an important role in the development of the nervous system controlling different steps of axonal guidance including the establishment of the corticospinal projections. May also control the segregation of motor and sensory axons during neuromuscular circuit development. In addition to its role in axonal guidance plays a role in synaptic plasticity. Activated by EFNA1 phosphorylates CDK5 at 'Tyr-15' which in turn phosphorylates NGEF regulating RHOA and dendritic spine morphogenesis. In the nervous system, also plays a role in repair after injury preventing axonal regeneration and in angiogenesis playing a role in central nervous system vascular formation. Additionally, its promiscuity makes it available to participate in a variety of cell-cell signaling regulating for instance the development of the thymic epithelium. During development of the cochlear organ of Corti, regulates pillar cell separation by forming a ternary complex with ADAM10 and CADH1 which facilitates the cleavage of CADH1 by ADAM10 and disruption of adherens junctions (By similarity). Phosphorylates CAPRIN1, promoting CAPRIN1-dependent formation of a membraneless compartment (By similarity).</p>
Cellular Location	<p>Cell membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q03137}; Single-pass type I membrane protein {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q03137} Cell projection, axon {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q03137}. Cell projection, dendrite {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q03137}. Postsynaptic density membrane {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q03137}. Early endosome {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q03137}. Cell junction, adherens junction {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q03137}. Note=Clustered upon activation and targeted to early endosome. {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:Q03137}</p>
Tissue Location	Ubiquitous..

References

1. Mol Cell Neurosci. 2000 Oct;16(4):365-75. 2. Nat Rev Neurosci. 2001 Mar;2(3):155-64. 3. Eur J Neurosci. 2002 Sep;16(6):1168-72.

Images

Figure 1: Western blot analysis using EphA4 mouse mAb against truncated Trx-EphA4 recombinant protein (1) and truncated GST-EphA4(aa777-986) recombinant protein (2).



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.