

SKP2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1239a

Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Clone Names Isotype Calculated MW Description	WB, E Q13309 Human Mouse Monoclonal 6G9D10 IgG1 47761 SKP2: S-phase kinase-associated protein 2 (p45). This gene encodes a member of the F-box protein family which is characterized by an approximately 40 amino acid motif, the F-box. The F-box proteins constitute one of the four subunits of ubiquitin protein ligase complex called SCFs (SKP1-cullin-F-box), which function in phosphorylation-dependent ubiquitination. The F-box proteins are divided into 3 classes: Fbws containing either different protein-protein interaction modules or no recognizable motifs. The protein encoded by this gene belongs to the Fbls class; in addition to an F-box, this protein contains 10 tandem leucine-rich repeats. This protein is an essential element of the cyclin A-CDK2 S-phase kinase. It specifically recognizes phosphorylated cyclin-dependent kinase inhibitor 1B (CDKN1B, also referred to as p27 or KIP1) predominantly in S phase and interacts with S-phase kinase-associated protein 1 (SKP1 or p19). In addition, this gene is established as a protooncogene causally involved in the pathogenesis of lymphomas. Alternative splicing of this gene generates 2 transcript variants encoding different isoforms.
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of SKP2 (aa1-130) expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

Additional Information

Gene ID	6502
Other Names	S-phase kinase-associated protein 2, Cyclin-A/CDK2-associated protein p45, F-box protein Skp2, F-box/LRR-repeat protein 1, p45skp2, SKP2, FBXL1
Dilution	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 E~~N/A
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Protein Information

Name	SKP2
Synonyms	FBXL1
Function	Substrate recognition component of a SCF (SKP1-CUL1-F-box protein) E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase complex which mediates the ubiquitination and subsequent proteasomal degradation of target proteins involved in cell cycle progression, signal transduction and transcription (PubMed:9736735, PubMed:11931757, PubMed:12435635, PubMed:12769844, PubMed:15949444, PubMed:15342634, PubMed:15668399, PubMed:15949444, PubMed:16103164, PubMed:16262255, PubMed:1598444, PubMed:16051159, PubMed:2770219, PubMed:32267835). Specifically recognizes phosphorylated CDKN1B/p27kip and is involved in regulation of G1/S transition (By similarity). Degradation of CDKN1B/p27kip also requires CKS1 (By similarity). Recognizes target proteins ORC1, CDT1, RBL2, KMT2A/MLL1, CDK9, RAG2, NBN, FOXO1, UBP43, YTHDF2, and probably MYC, TOB1 and TAL1 (PubMed:11931757, PubMed:12435635, PubMed:1568399, PubMed:15949444, PubMed:151342634, PubMed:15668399, PubMed:16951159, PubMed:17908926, PubMed:15668399, PubMed:16951159, PubMed:17908926, PubMed:15668399, PubMed:16951159, PubMed:16103164, PubMed:16581786, PubMed:16951159, PubMed:17908926, PubMed:17962192, PubMed:22464731, PubMed:32267835). Degradation of TAL1 also requires STUB1 (PubMed:17962192). Recognizes CDKN1A in association with CCNE1 or CCNE2 and CDK2 (PubMed:9236735, PubMed:16262255). Promotes ubiquitination and destruction of CDH1 in a CK1-dependent manner, thereby regulating cell migration (PubMed:22770219). Following phosphorylation in response to DNA damage, mediates 'Lys-63'-linked ubiquitination of NBN, promoting ATM recruitment to DNA damage sites and DNA repair via homologous recombination (PubMed:22464731).
Cellular Location	Cytoplasm. Nucleus

References

1. Acta Biochim Biophys Sin (Shanghai). 2007 Dec;39(12):999-1007. 2. Clin Cancer Res. 2008 Apr 1;14(7):1966-75.

Images

Figure 1: Western blot analysis using SKP2 mouse mAb against truncated Trx-SKP2 recombinant protein (1) and GST-SKP2 (aa1-130) recombinant protein (2).



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