

# NT5E Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO1306a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	IHC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P21589</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Names</b>	1D7
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Calculated MW</b>	63368
<b>Description</b>	5'-nucleotidase, ecto (NT5E), also known as CD73 (Cluster of Differentiation 73). Ecto-5'-nucleotidase (5'-nucleotidase phosphohydrolase; EC 3.1.3.5) catalyzes the conversion at neutral pH of purine 5'-nucleotides to nucleosides, the preferred substrate being AMP. The enzyme consists of a dimer of 2 identical 70-kD subunits bound by a glycosyl phosphatidyl inositol linkage to the external face of the plasma membrane. The enzyme is used as a marker of lymphocyte differentiation. Consequently, a deficiency of NT5 occurs in a variety of immunodeficiency diseases (e.g., see MIM 102700, MIM 300300). Other forms of 5'-nucleotidase exist in the cytoplasm and lysosomes and can be distinguished from ecto-NT5 by their substrate affinities, requirement for divalent magnesium ion, activation by ATP, and inhibition by inorganic phosphate.
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of NT5E expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Formulation</b>	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	4907
<b>Other Names</b>	5'-nucleotidase, 5'-NT, 3.1.3.5, Ecto-5'-nucleotidase, CD73, NT5E, NT5, NTE
<b>Dilution</b>	IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 E~~N/A
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	NT5E Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	NT5E
<b>Synonyms</b>	NT5, NTE
<b>Function</b>	Catalyzes the hydrolysis of nucleotide monophosphates, releasing inorganic phosphate and the corresponding nucleoside, with AMP being the preferred substrate (PubMed: <a href="#">21933152</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">22997138</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">23142347</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">24887587</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">34403084</a> ). Shows a preference for ribonucleotide monophosphates over their equivalent deoxyribose forms (PubMed: <a href="#">34403084</a> ). Other substrates include IMP, UMP, GMP, CMP, dAMP, dCMP, dTMP, NAD and NMN (PubMed: <a href="#">21933152</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">22997138</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">23142347</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">24887587</a> , PubMed: <a href="#">34403084</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Cell membrane; Lipid-anchor, GPI-anchor

## References

1. Oncol Rep. 2007 Jun;17(6):1341-6. 2. Neurochem Int. 2003 Dec;43(7):621-8.

## Images

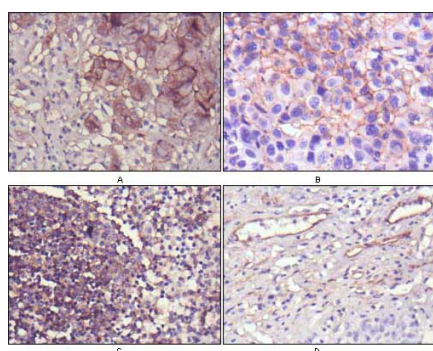


Figure 1: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung cancer (A), cholangiocarcinoma (B), lymph node (C) and esophagus (D) tissues using NT5E mouse mAb with DAB staining.

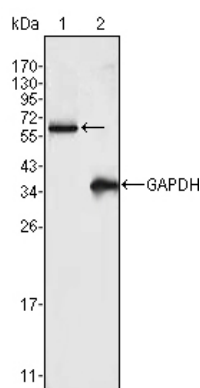


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using FRK mouse mAb against K562 cell lysate (1).

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