

PTEN Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1328a

Product Information

Application WB, FC, ICC, E

Primary Accession P60484

Reactivity Human, Mouse

Host Mouse **Clonality** Monoclonal

Clone Names 1B8
Isotype IgG1
Calculated MW 47166

Description PTEN (phosphatase and tensin homolog) was identified as a tumor

suppressor that is mutated in a large number of cancers at high frequency. This protein is a phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate 3-phosphatase. It contains a tensin like domain as well as a catalytic domain similar to that of the dual specificity protein tyrosine phosphatases. Unlike most of the protein

tyrosine phosphatases, this protein preferentially dephosphorylates phosphoinositide substrates. It negatively regulates intracellular levels of phosphatidylinositol-3,4,5-trisphosphate in cells and functions as a tumor

suppressor by negatively regulating AKT/PKB signaling pathway.

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of PTEN expressed in E. Coli.

Formulation Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

Additional Information

Gene ID 5728

Other Names Phosphatidylinositol 3, 4, 5-trisphosphate 3-phosphatase and dual-specificity

protein phosphatase PTEN, 3.1.3.16, 3.1.3.48, 3.1.3.67, Mutated in multiple advanced cancers 1, Phosphatase and tensin homolog, PTEN, MMAC1, TEP1

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~N/A

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions PTEN Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name PTEN

Synonyms MMAC1, TEP1

Function

Dual-specificity protein phosphatase, dephosphorylating tyrosine-, serineand threonine-phosphorylated proteins (PubMed:9187108, PubMed:9256433, PubMed: 9616126). Also functions as a lipid phosphatase, removing the phosphate in the D3 position of the inositol ring of PtdIns(3,4,5)P3/phosphatidylinositol 3,4,5- trisphosphate, PtdIns(3,4)P2/phosphatidylinositol 3,4-diphosphate and PtdIns3P/phosphatidylinositol 3-phosphate with a preference for PtdIns(3,4,5)P3 (PubMed:16824732, PubMed:26504226, PubMed:9593664, PubMed: 9811831). Furthermore, this enzyme can also act as a cytosolic inositol 3-phosphatase acting on Ins(1,3,4,5,6)P5/inositol 1,3,4,5,6 pentakisphosphate and possibly Ins(1,3,4,5)P4/1D-myo-inositol 1,3,4,5tetrakisphosphate (PubMed: 11418101, PubMed: 15979280). Antagonizes the PI3K-AKT/PKB signaling pathway by dephosphorylating phosphoinositides and thereby modulating cell cycle progression and cell survival (PubMed:31492966, PubMed:37279284). The unphosphorylated form cooperates with MAGI2 to suppress AKT1 activation (PubMed: 11707428). In motile cells, suppresses the formation of lateral pseudopods and thereby promotes cell polarization and directed movement (PubMed:22279049). Dephosphorylates tyrosine-phosphorylated focal adhesion kinase and inhibits cell migration and integrin-mediated cell spreading and focal adhesion formation (PubMed:22279049). Required for growth factor-induced epithelial cell migration; growth factor stimulation induces PTEN phosphorylation which changes its binding preference from the p85 regulatory subunit of the PI3K kinase complex to DLC1 and results in translocation of the PTEN-DLC1 complex to the posterior of migrating cells to promote RHOA activation (PubMed:<u>26166433</u>). Meanwhile, TNS3 switches binding preference from DLC1 to p85 and the TNS3-p85 complex translocates to the leading edge of migrating cells to activate RAC1 activation (PubMed: 26166433). Plays a role as a key modulator of the AKT-mTOR signaling pathway controlling the tempo of the process of newborn neurons integration during adult neurogenesis, including correct neuron positioning, dendritic development and synapse formation (By similarity). Involved in the regulation of synaptic function in excitatory hippocampal synapses. Recruited to the postsynaptic membrane upon NMDA receptor activation, is required for the modulation of synaptic activity during plasticity. Enhancement of lipid phosphatase activity is able to drive depression of AMPA receptor-mediated synaptic responses, activity required for NMDA receptor-dependent long-term depression (LTD) (By similarity). May be a negative regulator of insulin signaling and glucose metabolism in adipose tissue. The nuclear monoubiquitinated form possesses greater apoptotic potential, whereas the cytoplasmic nonubiquitinated form induces less tumor suppressive ability (PubMed: 10468583, PubMed: 18716620).

Cellular Location

Cytoplasm. Nucleus. Nucleus, PML body. Cell projection, dendritic spine {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O54857}. Postsynaptic density {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O54857}. Note=Monoubiquitinated form is nuclear Nonubiquitinated form is cytoplasmic. Colocalized with PML and USP7 in PML nuclear bodies (PubMed:18716620). XIAP/BIRC4 promotes its nuclear localization (PubMed:19473982). Associares with the postsynaptic density in response to NMDAR activation (By similarity) {ECO:0000250 | UniProtKB:O54857, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:18716620, ECO:0000269 | PubMed:19473982}

Tissue Location

Expressed at a relatively high level in all adult tissues, including heart, brain, placenta, lung, liver, muscle, kidney and pancreas.

References

1. Nat Genet. 1998 Aug;19(4):348-55.2. Oncogene. 1999 May 20;18(20):3181-5.3. Eur J Immunol. 2002 Apr;32(4):1196-204.

Images

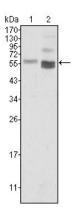


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using PTEN mouse mAb against Hela (1) and NIH/3T3 (2) cell lysate.

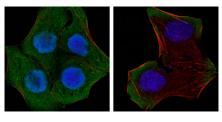


Figure 2: Confocal immunofluorescence analysis of Hela (left) and HepG2 (right) cells using PTEN mouse mAb (green). Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with DY-554 phalloidin. Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.

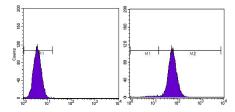


Figure 3: Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells using PTEN mouse mAb (right) and negative control (left).

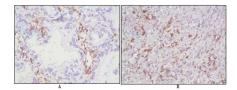


Figure 2: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human lung cancer (A), lymphonodus tissue (B),showing cytomembrane localization using CD38 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

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