

CD86 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1459a

Product Information

ApplicationWB, EPrimary AccessionP42081ReactivityHumanHostMouseClonalityMonoclonal

Clone Names 1B3 Isotype IgG1 Calculated MW 37682

Description This gene encodes a type I membrane protein that is a member of the

immunoglobulin superfamily. This protein is expressed by antigen-presenting cells, and it is the ligand for two proteins at the cell surface of T cells, CD28 antigen and cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4. Binding of this protein with CD28 antigen is a costimulatory signal for activation of the T-cell. Binding of this protein with cytotoxic T-lymphocyte-associated protein 4 negatively regulates T-cell activation and diminishes the immune response. Alternative splicing results in two transcript variants encoding different isoforms. Additional transcript variants have been described, but their full-length sequences have not been determined. Tissue specificity: Expressed

by activated B-lymphocytes and monocytes.

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of human CD86 expressed in E. Coli.

Formulation Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

Additional Information

Gene ID 942

Other Names T-lymphocyte activation antigen CD86, Activation B7-2 antigen, B70, BU63,

CTLA-4 counter-receptor B7.2, FUN-1, CD86, CD86, CD28LG2

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 E~~N/A

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions CD86 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name CD86

Synonyms CD28LG2

Function Receptor involved in the costimulatory signal essential for T-lymphocyte

proliferation and interleukin-2 production, by binding CD28 or CTLA-4 (PubMed:12196291). May play a critical role in the early events of T-cell activation and costimulation of naive T-cells, such as deciding between immunity and anergy that is made by T-cells within 24 hours after activation (PubMed:7527824). Also involved in the regulation of B cells function, plays a role in regulating the level of IgG(1) produced. Upon CD40 engagement, activates NF-kappa-B signaling pathway via phospholipase C and protein

kinase C activation (By similarity).

Cellular Location Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

Tissue Location Expressed by activated B-lymphocytes and monocytes.

References

1. Clin Exp Allergy. 2009 Dec;39(12):1852-6. 2. Am J Hum Genet. 2009 Nov;85(5):628-42. 3. Immunology. 2009 Nov;128(3):334-41.

Images

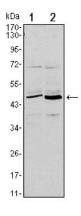


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using CD86 mouse mAb against L1210 (1) and MOLT-4 (2) cell lysate.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.