

# **RBP4** Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1547a

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E

Primary Accession P02753
Reactivity Human
Host Mouse
Clonality Monoclonal

Clone Names4C2IsotypeIgG1Calculated MW23010

**Description** This protein belongs to the lipocalin family and is the specific carrier for

retinol (vitamin A alcohol) in the blood. It delivers retinol from the liver stores to the peripheral tissues. In plasma, the RBP-retinol complex interacts with transthyretin which prevents its loss by filtration through the kidney glomeruli. A deficiency of vitamin A blocks secretion of the binding protein posttranslationally and results in defective delivery and supply to the

epidermal cells. (provided by RefSeq)

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant fragment of human RBP expressed in E. Coli.

**Formulation** Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID 5950

Other Names Retinol-binding protein 4, Plasma retinol-binding protein, PRBP, RBP, Plasma

retinol-binding protein(1-182), Plasma retinol-binding protein(1-181), Plasma retinol-binding protein(1-179), Plasma retinol-binding protein(1-176), RBP4

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/500 - 1/2000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A

E~~1/10000

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** RBP4 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

#### **Protein Information**

Name RBP4

**Function** Retinol-binding protein that mediates retinol transport in blood plasma

(PubMed:<u>5541771</u>). Delivers retinol from the liver stores to the peripheral tissues (Probable). Transfers the bound all-trans retinol to STRA6, that then facilitates retinol transport across the cell membrane (PubMed:<u>22665496</u>).

Cellular Location Secreted

**Tissue Location** Detected in blood plasma and in urine (at protein level).

#### References

1. Diabetologia. 2008 Aug;51(8):1423-8. 2. J Clin Endocrinol Metab. 2008 Aug;93(8):3142-8.

# **Images**

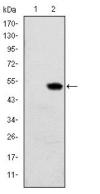


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using RBP4 mAb against HEK293 (1) and RBP4(AA: 1-201)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

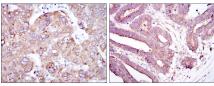


Figure 2: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded liver cancer tissues (left) and stomach cancer tissues (right) using RBP4 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

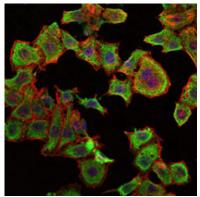


Figure 3: Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using RBP4 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.

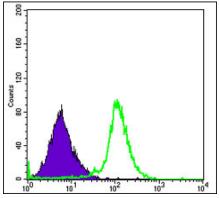


Figure 4: Flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells using RBP4 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (purple).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.