

# CD15 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO1589a

## Product Information

|                          |   |
|--------------------------|---|
| <b>Application</b>       | IHC, ICC, E   |
| <b>Primary Accession</b> | <a href="#">P22083</a>  |
| <b>Reactivity</b>        | Human   |
| <b>Host</b>              | Mouse   |
| <b>Clonality</b>         | Monoclonal  |
| <b>Clone Names</b>       | 4E10  |
| <b>Isotype</b>           | IgG1  |
| <b>Calculated MW</b>     | 59084   |
| <b>Description</b>       | The product of this gene transfers fucose to N-acetyllactosamine polysaccharides to generate fucosylated carbohydrate structures. It catalyzes the synthesis of the non-sialylated antigen, Lewis x (CD15). |
| <b>Immunogen</b>         | Synthesized peptide of human CD15.  |
| <b>Formulation</b>       | Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.  |

## Additional Information

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| <b>Gene ID</b>     | 2526   |
| <b>Other Names</b> | Alpha-(1, 3)-fucosyltransferase 4, 2.4.1.-, ELAM-1 ligand fucosyltransferase, Fucosyltransferase 4, Fucosyltransferase IV, Fuc-TIV, FucT-IV, Galactoside 3-L-fucosyltransferase, FUT4, ELFT, FCT3A |
| <b>Dilution</b>    | IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000  |
| <b>Storage</b>     | Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.   |
| <b>Precautions</b> | CD15 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.  |

## Protein Information

|                 |   |
|-----------------|---|
| <b>Name</b>     | FUT4 {ECO:0000303   PubMed:29593094}  |
| <b>Function</b> | [Isoform Short]: Catalyzes alpha(1->3) linkage of fucosyl moiety transferred from GDP-beta-L-fucose to N-acetyl glucosamine (GlcNAc) within type 2 lactosamine (LacNAc, Gal-beta(1->4)GlcNAc) glycan attached to N- or O-linked |

glycoproteins (PubMed:[1702034](#), PubMed:[1716630](#), PubMed:[29593094](#)). Robustly fucosylates nonsialylated distal LacNAc unit of the polylectosamine chain to form Lewis X antigen (CD15), a glycan determinant known to mediate important cellular functions in development and immunity. Fucosylates with lower efficiency sialylated LacNAc acceptors to form sialyl Lewis X and 6- sulfo sialyl Lewis X determinants that serve as recognition epitopes for C-type lectins (PubMed:[1716630](#), PubMed:[29593094](#)). Together with FUT7 contributes to SELE, SELL and SELP selectin ligand biosynthesis and selectin-dependent lymphocyte homing, leukocyte migration and blood leukocyte homeostasis (By similarity). In a cell type specific manner, may also fucosylate the internal LacNAc unit of the polylectosamine chain to form VIM-2 antigen that serves as recognition epitope for SELE (PubMed:[11278338](#), PubMed:[1716630](#)).

**Cellular Location**

Golgi apparatus, Golgi stack membrane; Single- pass type II membrane protein. Note=Membrane-bound form in trans cisternae of Golgi

**Tissue Location**

[Isoform Short]: Expressed at low levels in bone marrow-derived mesenchymal stem cells.

**References**

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1. Cancer Cell. 2009 Feb 3;15(2):135-47. 2. Biochim Biophys Acta. 2008 Feb;1783(2):287-96.

**Images**

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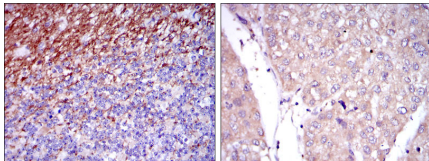


Figure 1: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded human cerebellum tissues (left) and human liver cancer tissues (right) using CD15 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

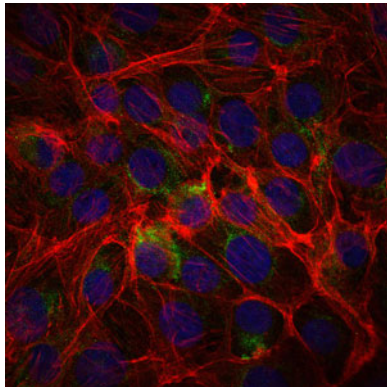


Figure 2: Immunofluorescence analysis of PC-2 cells using CD15 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.