

# UBE2I Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO1631a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P63279</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Monkey
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Names</b>	1B10
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Calculated MW</b>	18007
<b>Description</b>	The modification of proteins with ubiquitin is an important cellular mechanism for targeting abnormal or short-lived proteins for degradation. Ubiquitination involves at least three classes of enzymes: ubiquitin-activating enzymes, or E1s, ubiquitin-conjugating enzymes, or E2s, and ubiquitin-protein ligases, or E3s. This gene encodes a member of the E2 ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme family. Four alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding the same protein have been found for this gene.
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of human UBE2I expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Formulation</b>	Ascitic fluid containing 0.03% sodium azide.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	7329
<b>Other Names</b>	SUMO-conjugating enzyme UBC9, 6.3.2., SUMO-protein ligase, Ubiquitin carrier protein 9, Ubiquitin carrier protein I, Ubiquitin-conjugating enzyme E2 I, Ubiquitin-protein ligase I, p18, UBE2I, UBC9, UBCE9
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	UBE2I Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	UBE2I
<b>Synonyms</b>	UBC9, UBCE9
<b>Function</b>	Accepts the ubiquitin-like proteins SUMO1, SUMO2, SUMO3, SUMO4 and SUMO1P1/SUMO5 from the UBLE1A-UBLE1B E1 complex and catalyzes their covalent attachment to other proteins with the help of an E3 ligase such as RANBP2, CBX4 and ZNF451. Can catalyze the formation of poly-SUMO chains. Necessary for sumoylation of FOXL2 and KAT5. Essential for nuclear architecture and chromosome segregation. Sumoylates p53/TP53 at 'Lys-386'. Mediates sumoylation of ERCC6 which is essential for its transcription-coupled nucleotide excision repair activity (PubMed: <a href="#">26620705</a> ).
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Nucleus. Cytoplasm Cytoplasm, perinuclear region Note=Mainly nuclear (By similarity). In spermatocytes, localizes in synaptonemal complexes (PubMed:8610150). Recruited by BCL11A into the nuclear body (By similarity). {ECO:0000250 UniProtKB:P63280, ECO:0000269 PubMed:8610150}
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Expressed in heart, skeletal muscle, pancreas, kidney, liver, lung, placenta and brain. Also expressed in testis and thymus.

## References

1. Cell Signal. 2009 Dec;21(12):1935-44. 2. Nat Struct Mol Biol. 2009 Sep;16(9):945-52.

## Images

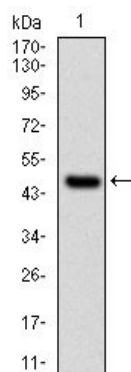


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using UBE2I mAb against human UBE2I (AA: 1-158) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 45.3 kDa)

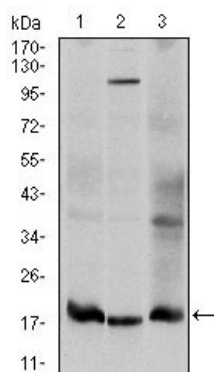


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using UBE2I mouse mAb against Hela (1), HepG2 (2), and Cos7 (3) cell lysate.

Figure 3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded prostate tissues using UBE2I mouse mAb with DAB staining.

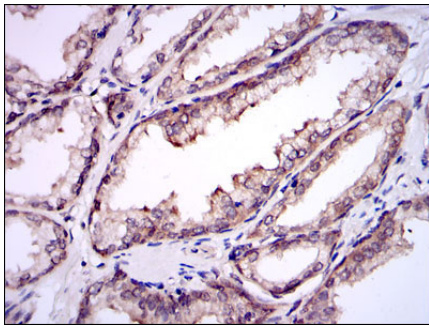


Figure 4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded bladder cancer tissues using UBE2I mouse mAb with DAB staining.

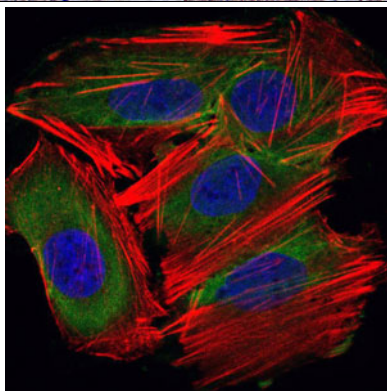
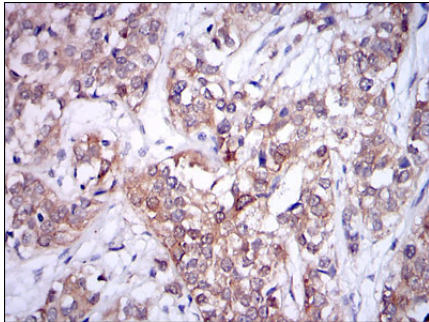


Figure 5: Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using UBE2I mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.

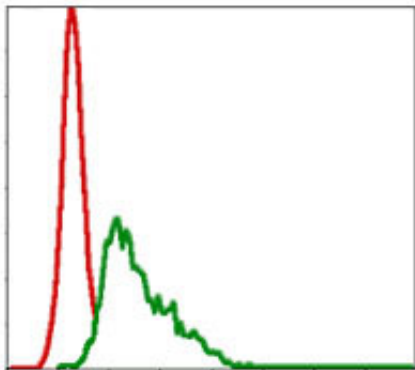


Figure 6: Flow cytometric analysis of HepG2 cells using UBE2I mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

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