

# ARHGDIA Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO1737a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, FC, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P52565</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human, Mouse, Monkey
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Names</b>	2G3
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Calculated MW</b>	23207
<b>Description</b>	Aplysia Ras-related homologs (ARHs), also called Rho genes, belong to the RAS gene superfamily encoding small guanine nucleotide exchange (GTP/GDP) factors. The ARH proteins may be kept in the inactive, GDP-bound state by interaction with GDP dissociation inhibitors, such as ARHGDIA
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of human ARHGDIA (AA: FULL(1-204)) expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Formulation</b>	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	396
<b>Other Names</b>	Rho GDP-dissociation inhibitor 1, Rho GDI 1, Rho-GDI alpha, ARHGDIA, GDIA1
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	ARHGDIA Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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<b>Name</b>	ARHGDIA
<b>Synonyms</b>	GDIA1

## Function

Controls Rho proteins homeostasis. Regulates the GDP/GTP exchange reaction of the Rho proteins by inhibiting the dissociation of GDP from them, and the subsequent binding of GTP to them. Retains Rho proteins such as CDC42, RAC1 and RHOA in an inactive cytosolic pool, regulating their stability and protecting them from degradation. Actively involved in the recycling and distribution of activated Rho GTPases in the cell, mediates extraction from membranes of both inactive and activated molecules due its exceptionally high affinity for prenylated forms. Through the modulation of Rho proteins, may play a role in cell motility regulation. In glioma cells, inhibits cell migration and invasion by mediating the signals of SEMA5A and PLXNB3 that lead to inactivation of RAC1.

## Cellular Location

Cytoplasm.

## References

1.Nat Cell Biol. 2010 May;12(5):477-83. 2.Int J Oncol. 2010 Feb;36(2):379-86.

## Images

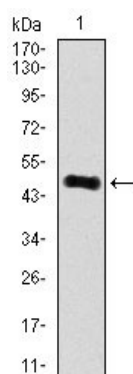


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using ARHGDIA mAb against human ARHGDIA recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 48.7 kDa)

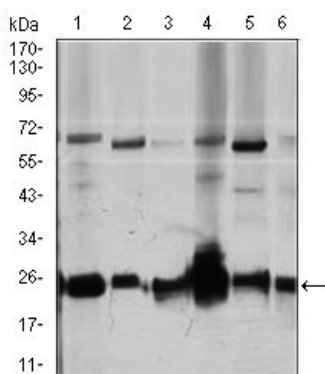


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using ARHGDIA mouse mAb against Jurkat (1), HeLa (2), NIH3T3 (3), C6 (4), K562 (5), and COS7 (6) cell lysate.

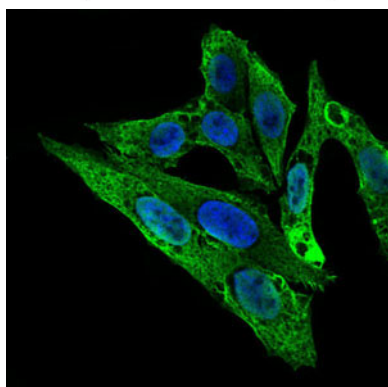
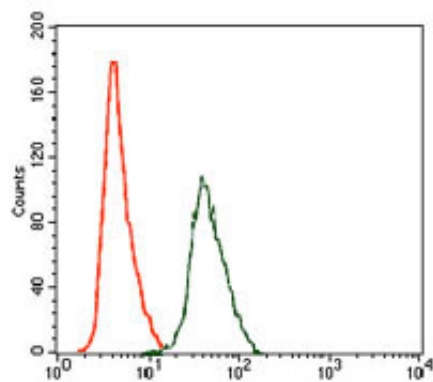


Figure 3: Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using ARHGDIA mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.

Figure 4: Flow cytometric analysis of HeLa cells using ARHGDIA mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.