

# INCENP Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO1738a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">Q9NQS7</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Names</b>	3D2
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Calculated MW</b>	105429
<b>Description</b>	<p>In mammalian cells, 2 broad groups of centromere-interacting proteins have been described: constitutively binding centromere proteins and 'passenger,' or transiently interacting, proteins (reviewed by Choo, 1997). The constitutive proteins include CENPA (centromere protein A; MIM 117139), CENPB (MIM 117140), CENPC1 (MIM 117141), and CENPD (MIM 117142). The term 'passenger proteins' encompasses a broad collection of proteins that localize to the centromere during specific stages of the cell cycle (Earnshaw and Mackay, 1994 [PubMed 8088460]). These include CENPE (MIM 117143); MCAK (MIM 604538); KID (MIM 603213); cytoplasmic dynein (e.g., MIM 600112); CliPs (e.g., MIM 179838); and CENPF/mitosin (MIM 600236). The inner centromere proteins (INCENPs) (Earnshaw and Cooke, 1991 [PubMed 1860899]), the initial members of the passenger protein group, display a broad localization along chromosomes in the early stages of mitosis but gradually become concentrated at centromeres as the cell cycle progresses into mid-metaphase. During telophase, the proteins are located within the midbody in the intercellular bridge, where they are discarded after cytokinesis</p>
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of human INCENP (AA: 369-583) expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Formulation</b>	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	3619
<b>Other Names</b>	Inner centromere protein, INCENP
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

## Precautions

INCENP Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

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### Name

INCENP

### Function

Component of the chromosomal passenger complex (CPC), a complex that acts as a key regulator of mitosis. The CPC complex has essential functions at the centromere in ensuring correct chromosome alignment and segregation and is required for chromatin-induced microtubule stabilization and spindle assembly. Acts as a scaffold regulating CPC localization and activity. The C-terminus associates with AURKB or AURKC, the N-terminus associated with BIRC5/survivin and CDCA8/borealin tethers the CPC to the inner centromere, and the microtubule binding activity within the central SAH domain directs AURKB/C toward substrates near microtubules (PubMed:[12925766](#), PubMed:[15316025](#), PubMed:[27332895](#)). The flexibility of the SAH domain is proposed to allow AURKB/C to follow substrates on dynamic microtubules while ensuring CPC docking to static chromatin (By similarity). Activates AURKB and AURKC (PubMed:[27332895](#)). Required for localization of CBX5 to mitotic centromeres (PubMed:[21346195](#)). Controls the kinetochore localization of BUB1 (PubMed:[16760428](#)).

### Cellular Location

Nucleus. Chromosome, centromere. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle. Midbody. Chromosome, centromere, kinetochore. Note=Colocalized at synaptonemal complex central element from zygotene up to late pachytene when it begins to relocate to heterochromatic chromocenters. Colocalizes with AURKB at a connecting strand traversing the centromere region and joining sister kinetochores, in metaphase II centromeres. This strand disappears at the metaphase II/anaphase II transition and relocates to the spindle midzone (By similarity). Colocalizes with AURKB at mitotic chromosomes (PubMed:11453556). Localizes to inner kinetochore (PubMed:16760428) Localizes on chromosome arms and inner centromeres from prophase through metaphase and then transferring to the spindle midzone and midbody from anaphase through cytokinesis (PubMed:15316025). Cocalizes to the equatorial cell cortex at anaphase (PubMed:11453556) {ECO:0000250|UniProtKB:Q9WU62, ECO:0000269|PubMed:11453556, ECO:0000269|PubMed:15316025, ECO:0000269|PubMed:16760428}

## References

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1.J Cell Biol. 2009 Nov 30;187(5):637-53. 2.Genes Cells. 2011 Jun;16(6):652-69.

## Images

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Figure 1: Western blot analysis using INCENP mAb against human INCENP recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 50.2 kDa)

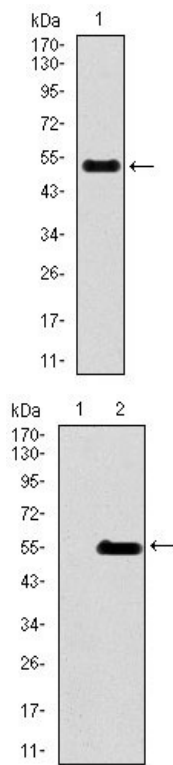


Figure 2: Western blot analysis using INCENP mAb against HEK293 (1) and INCENP (AA: 369-583)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

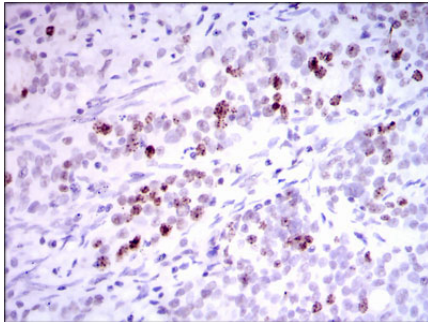


Figure 3: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded cervical cancer tissues using INCENP mouse mAb with DAB staining.

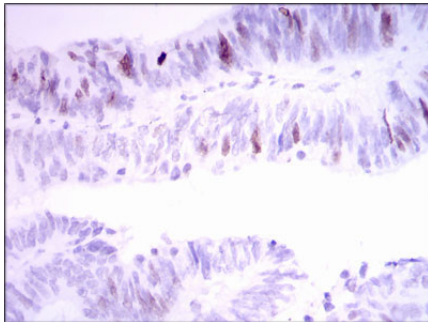


Figure 4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rectum cancer tissues using INCENP mouse mAb with DAB staining.

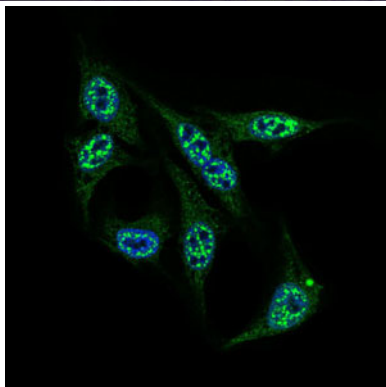
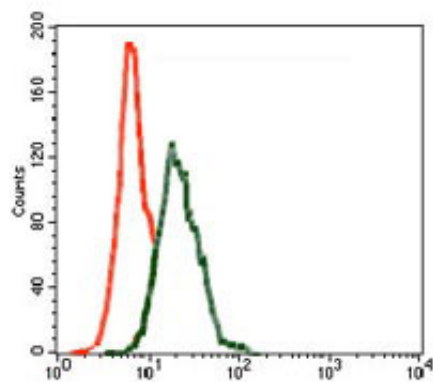


Figure 5: Immunofluorescence analysis of HepG2 cells using INCENP mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye.

Figure 6: Flow cytometric analysis of Jurkat cells using INCENP mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).



Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.