

DNMT1 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1843a

Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity Host Clonality Clone Names Isotype Calculated MW Description	WB, IHC, E P26358 Human, Monkey Mouse Monoclonal 7C11A2 IgG1 183165 DNA (cytosine-5-)-methyltransferase 1 has a role in the establishment and regulation of tissue-specific patterns of methylated cytosine residues. Aberrant methylation patterns are associated with certain human tumors and developmental abnormalities. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.
Immunogen	Purified recombinant fragment of human DNMT1 (AA: 1448-1594) expressed in E. Coli.
Formulation	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

Additional Information

Gene ID	1786
Other Names	DNA (cytosine-5)-methyltransferase 1, Dnmt1, 2.1.1.37, CXXC-type zinc finger protein 9, DNA methyltransferase HsaI, DNA MTase HsaI, M.HsaI, MCMT, DNMT1, AIM, CXXC9, DNMT
Dilution	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 E~~1/10000
Storage	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
Precautions	DNMT1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name	DNMT1
Synonyms	AIM, CXXC9, DNMT

Function	Methylates CpG residues. Preferentially methylates hemimethylated DNA. Associates with DNA replication sites in S phase maintaining the methylation pattern in the newly synthesized strand, that is essential for epigenetic inheritance. Associates with chromatin during G2 and M phases to maintain DNA methylation independently of replication. It is responsible for maintaining methylation patterns established in development. DNA methylation is coordinated with methylation of histones. Mediates transcriptional repression by direct binding to HDAC2. In association with DNMT3B and via the recruitment of CTCFL/BORIS, involved in activation of BAG1 gene expression by modulating dimethylation of promoter histone H3 at H3K4 and H3K9. Probably forms a corepressor complex required for activated KRAS- mediated promoter hypermethylation and transcriptional silencing of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) or other tumor-related genes in colorectal cancer (CRC) cells (PubMed:24623306). Also required to maintain a transcriptionally repressive state of genes in undifferentiated embryonic stem cells (ESCs) (PubMed:24623306). Associates at promoter regions of tumor suppressor genes (TSGs) leading to their gene silencing (PubMed:24623306). Promotes tumor growth (PubMed:24623306).
Cellular Location	Nucleus. Note=Localized to the perinucleolar region.
Tissue Location	Ubiquitous; highly expressed in fetal tissues, heart, kidney, placenta, peripheral blood mononuclear cells, and expressed at lower levels in spleen, lung, brain, small intestine, colon, liver, and skeletal muscle. Isoform 2 is less expressed than isoform 1.

Background

The protein encoded by this gene is a member of the keratin gene family. The type II cytokeratins consist of basic or neutral proteins which are arranged in pairs of heterotypic keratin chains coexpressed during differentiation of simple and stratified epithelial tissues. This type II cytokeratin is specifically expressed in the basal layer of the epidermis with family member KRT14. Mutations in these genes have been associated with a complex of diseases termed epidermolysis bullosa simplex. The type II cytokeratins are clustered in a region of chromosome 12q12-q13. ; ; ;

References

1. PLoS One. 2011;6(11):e27684. 2. J Exp Clin Cancer Res. 2011 Oct 17;30:98.

Images



Figure 2: Western blot analysis using DNMT1 mAb against HEK293 (1) and DNMT1 (AA: 1448-1594)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.



Figure 3: Western blot analysis using IL2RA mouse mAb against Jurkat (1), Cos7 (2), HCT116 (3) and NTERA-2 (4) cell lysate.

Figure 4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rectum cancer tissues using DNMT1 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

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