

# CD22 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1851a

#### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, FC, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Monoclonal
Clone Names
Isotype
IgG1
Calculated MW
P20273
Human
House
Human
House
Human
House
Monoclonal
IA3A11
IgG1
95348

**Description** CD22 may be involved in the localization of B-cells in lymphoid tissues. Binds

sialylated glycoproteins; one of which is CD45. Preferentially binds to

alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition site can be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. Upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation in the immune response seems to be involved in regulation of B-cell antigen receptor signaling. Plays a role in positive

regulation through interaction with Src family tyrosine kinases and may also act as an inhibitory receptor by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatases via their SH2 domains that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of

signaling molecules

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant fragment of human CD22 (AA: 621-725) expressed in E.

Coli.

**Formulation** Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

#### **Additional Information**

Gene ID 933

Other Names B-cell receptor CD22, B-lymphocyte cell adhesion molecule, BL-CAM, Sialic

acid-binding Ig-like lectin 2, Siglec-2, T-cell surface antigen Leu-14, CD22,

CD22, SIGLEC2

**Dilution** WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** CD22 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

### **Protein Information**

Name CD22 {ECO:0000303 | PubMed:1691828, ECO:0000312 | HGNC:HGNC:1643}

Function Most h

Most highly expressed siglec (sialic acid-binding immunoglobulin-like lectin) on B-cells that plays a role in various aspects of B-cell biology including differentiation, antigen presentation, and trafficking to bone marrow (PubMed:34330755, PubMed:8627166). Binds to alpha 2,6-linked sialic acid residues of surface molecules such as CD22 itself, CD45 and IgM in a cis configuration. Can also bind to ligands on other cells as an adhesion molecule in a trans configuration (PubMed:20172905). Acts as an inhibitory coreceptor on the surface of B-cells and inhibits B-cell receptor induced signaling, characterized by inhibition of the calcium mobilization and cellular activation. Mechanistically, the immunoreceptor tyrosine-based inhibitory motif domain is phosphorylated by the Src kinase LYN, which in turn leads to the recruitment of the protein tyrosine phosphatase 1/PTPN6, leading to the negative regulation of BCR signaling (PubMed:8627166). If this negative signaling from is of sufficient strength, apoptosis of the B-cell can be induced (PubMed:20516366).

**Cellular Location** Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein

**Tissue Location** B-lymphocytes.

## **Background**

CD22 may be involved in the localization of B-cells in lymphoid tissues. Binds sialylated glycoproteins; one of which is CD45. Preferentially binds to alpha-2,6-linked sialic acid. The sialic acid recognition site can be masked by cis interactions with sialic acids on the same cell surface. Upon ligand induced tyrosine phosphorylation in the immune response seems to be involved in regulation of B-cell antigen receptor signaling. Plays a role in positive regulation through interaction with Src family tyrosine kinases and may also act as an inhibitory receptor by recruiting cytoplasmic phosphatases via their SH2 domains that block signal transduction through dephosphorylation of signaling molecules;

### References

1. Cancer Res. 2012 Nov 1;72(21):5556-65. 2. J Innate Immun. 2011;3(4):411-9.

# **Images**

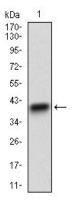
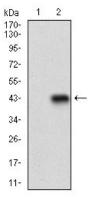


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using CD22 mAb against human CD22 recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 37 kDa)

Figure 2: Western blot analysis using CD22 mAb against HEK293 (1) and CD22 (AA: 621-725)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.



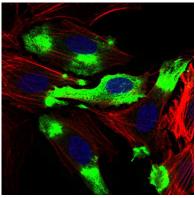


Figure 3: Immunofluorescence analysis of Hela cells using CD22 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin.

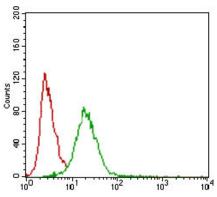


Figure 4: Flow cytometric analysis of Hela cells using CD22 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

Please note: All products are 'FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY. NOT FOR USE IN DIAGNOSTIC OR THERAPEUTIC PROCEDURES'.