

Bpifa2 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1912a

Product Information

Application WB, IHC, FC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Monoclonal
Clone Names
Isotype
IgG1
Calculated MW
P07743
Human
Human
House
Monoclonal
2B4F5
IgG1
24753

Description Bpifa2 has strong antibacterial activity against P. aeruginosa.

Immunogen Purified recombinant fragment of mouse mSplunc2 (AA: 16-169) expressed in

E. Coli.

Formulation Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide.

Additional Information

Gene ID 19194

Other Names BPI fold-containing family A member 2, Parotid secretory protein, PSP, Bpifa2,

Psp

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 E~~1/1000

Storage Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

Precautions Bpifa2 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

Protein Information

Name Bpifa2

Synonyms Psp

Function Has strong antibacterial activity against P.aeruginosa.

Cellular Location Secreted.

Predominates in the parotid glands, present in smaller amounts (1/10) in the submaxillary glands and in the sublingual glands, and at lower amount in the pancreas but undetectable in the liver. Found also in lacrimal gland.

Background

The bone morphogenetic protein (BMP) receptors are a family of transmembrane serine/threonine kinases that include the type I receptors BMPR1A and BMPR1B and the type II receptor BMPR2. These receptors are also closely related to the activin receptors, ACVR1 and ACVR2. The ligands of these receptors are members of the TGF-beta superfamily. TGF-betas and activins transduce their signals through the formation of heteromeric complexes with 2 different types of serine (threonine) kinase receptors: type I receptors of about 50-55 kD and type II receptors of about 70-80 kD. Type II receptors bind ligands in the absence of type I receptors, but they require their respective type I receptors for signaling, whereas type I receptors require their respective type II receptors for ligand binding.;;

References

1.Am J Physiol. 1997 Apr;272(4 Pt 1):G863-71.2.Nucleic Acids Res. 1998 Jun 1;26(11):2761-70.

Images

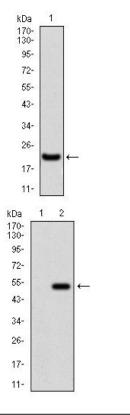


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using mSplunc2 mAb against mSplunc2 (AA: 16-169) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 18.5 kDa)

Figure 2: Western blot analysis using mSplunc2 mAb against HEK293 (1) and mSplunc2 (AA: 16-169)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

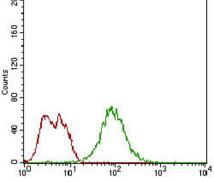


Figure 3: Flow cytometric analysis of MCF-7 cells using mSplunc2 mouse mAb (green) and negative control (red).

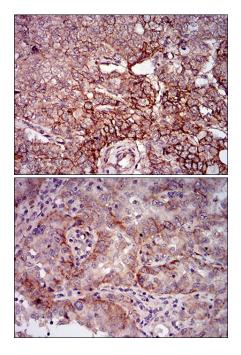


Figure 4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded prostate cancer tissues using mSplunc2 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

Figure 5: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded endometrial cancer tissues using mSplunc2 mouse mAb with DAB staining.

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