

# **HSF1** Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO1966a

### **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, ICC, E

Primary Accession

Reactivity

Host

Clonality

Clone Names

Isotype

Calculated MW

Monoclonal

AD5F4

IgG2b

57260

**Description** The product of this gene is a heat-shock transcription factor. Transcription of

heat-shock genes is rapidly induced after temperature stress. Hsp90, by itself and/or associated with multichaperone complexes, is a major repressor of

this gene.

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant fragment of human HSF1 (AA: 256-359) expressed in E.

Coli.

**Formulation** Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide.

#### **Additional Information**

**Gene ID** 3297

Other Names Heat shock factor protein 1, HSF 1, Heat shock transcription factor 1, HSTF 1,

HSF1, HSTF1

**Dilution** WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 ICC~~N/A E~~1/1000

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** HSF1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name HSF1 ( HGNC:5224)

Synonyms HSTF1

**Function** Functions as a stress-inducible and DNA-binding transcription factor that

plays a central role in the transcriptional activation of the heat shock response (HSR), leading to the expression of a large class of molecular chaperones, heat shock proteins (HSPs), that protect cells from cellular insult damage (PubMed:11447121, PubMed:12659875, PubMed:12917326, PubMed: 15016915, PubMed: 18451878, PubMed: 1871105, PubMed: 1986252, PubMed:25963659, PubMed:26754925, PubMed:7623826, PubMed:7760831, PubMed:8940068, PubMed:8946918, PubMed:9121459, PubMed:9341107, PubMed:<u>9499401</u>, PubMed:<u>9535852</u>, PubMed:<u>9727490</u>). In unstressed cells, is present in a HSP90-containing multichaperone complex that maintains it in a non-DNA-binding inactivated monomeric form (PubMed: 11583998, PubMed:16278218, PubMed:9727490). Upon exposure to heat and other stress stimuli, undergoes homotrimerization and activates HSP gene transcription through binding to site-specific heat shock elements (HSEs) present in the promoter regions of HSP genes (PubMed: 10359787, PubMed: 11583998, PubMed: 12659875, PubMed: 16278218, PubMed: 1871105, PubMed: 1986252, PubMed: 25963659, PubMed: 26754925, PubMed: 7623826, PubMed:7935471, PubMed:8455624, PubMed:8940068, PubMed:9499401, PubMed: 9727490). Upon heat shock stress, forms a chromatin-associated complex with TTC5/STRAP and p300/EP300 to stimulate HSR transcription, therefore increasing cell survival (PubMed: 18451878). Activation is reversible, and during the attenuation and recovery phase period of the HSR, returns to its unactivated form (PubMed: 11583998, PubMed: 16278218). Binds to inverted 5'-NGAAN-3' pentamer DNA sequences (PubMed: 1986252, PubMed: <u>26727489</u>). Binds to chromatin at heat shock gene promoters (PubMed: <u>25963659</u>). Activates transcription of transcription factor FOXR1 which in turn activates transcription of the heat shock chaperones HSPA1A and HSPA6 and the antioxidant NADPH-dependent reductase DHRS2 (PubMed:34723967). Also serves several other functions independently of its transcriptional activity. Involved in the repression of Ras-induced transcriptional activation of the c-fos gene in heat-stressed cells (PubMed: 9341107). Positively regulates pre-mRNA 3'-end processing and polyadenylation of HSP70 mRNA upon heat-stressed cells in a symplekin (SYMPK)-dependent manner (PubMed: 14707147). Plays a role in nuclear export of stress- induced HSP70 mRNA (PubMed: 17897941). Plays a role in the regulation of mitotic progression (PubMed: 18794143). Also plays a role as a negative regulator of non-homologous end joining (NHEI) repair activity in a DNA damage-dependent manner (PubMed: 26359349). Involved in stress-induced cancer cell proliferation in a IER5-dependent manner (PubMed: <u>26754925</u>).

# **Cellular Location**

Nucleus. Cytoplasm. Nucleus, nucleoplasm. Cytoplasm, perinuclear region. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, spindle pole. Cytoplasm, cytoskeleton, microtubule organizing center, centrosome Chromosome, centromere, kinetochore Note=The monomeric form is cytoplasmic in unstressed cells (PubMed:26159920, PubMed:8455624). Predominantly nuclear protein in both unstressed and heat shocked cells (PubMed:10359787, PubMed:10413683). Translocates in the nucleus upon heat shock (PubMed:8455624). Nucleocytoplasmic shuttling protein (PubMed:26159920). Colocalizes with IER5 in the nucleus (PubMed:27354066). Colocalizes with BAG3 to the nucleus upon heat stress (PubMed:26159920, PubMed:8455624). Localizes in subnuclear granules called nuclear stress bodies (nSBs) upon heat shock (PubMed:10359787, PubMed:10747973, PubMed:11447121, PubMed:11514557, PubMed:19229036, PubMed:24581496, PubMed:25963659). Colocalizes with SYMPK and SUMO1 in nSBs upon heat shock (PubMed:10359787, PubMed:11447121, PubMed:11514557, PubMed:12665592, PubMed:14707147) Colocalizes with PRKACA/PKA in the nucleus and nSBs upon heat shock (PubMed:21085490). Relocalizes from the nucleus to the cytoplasm during the attenuation and recovery phase period of the heat shock response (PubMed:26159920). Translocates in the cytoplasm in a YWHAE- and XPO1/CRM1-dependent manner (PubMed:12917326).

Together with histone H2AX, redistributed in discrete nuclear DNA damage-induced foci after ionizing radiation (IR) (PubMed:26359349). Colocalizes with calcium- responsive transactivator SS18L1 at kinetochore region on the mitotic chromosomes (PubMed:18794143). Colocalizes with gamma tubulin at centrosome (PubMed:18794143). Localizes at spindle pole in metaphase (PubMed:18794143). Colocalizes with PLK1 at spindle poles during prometaphase (PubMed:18794143).

# **Background**

Calmegin is a testis-specific endoplasmic reticulum chaperone protein. CLGN may play a role in spermatogeneisis and infertility.;;

## References

1. Cell. 2012 Aug 3;150(3):549-62.2. Cancer Lett. 2012 May 28;318(2):145-53.

# **Images**

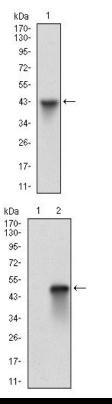


Figure 1: Western blot analysis using HSF1 mAb against human HSF1 (AA: 256-359) recombinant protein. (Expected MW is 36.5 kDa)

Figure 2: Western blot analysis using HSF1 mAb against HEK293 (1) and HSF1 (AA: 256-359)-hIgGFc transfected HEK293 (2) cell lysate.

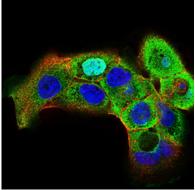
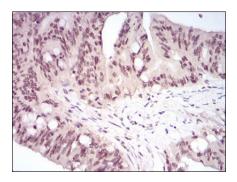


Figure 3: Immunofluorescence analysis of A431 cells using HSF1 mouse mAb (green). Blue: DRAQ5 fluorescent DNA dye. Red: Actin filaments have been labeled with Alexa Fluor-555 phalloidin. Secondary antibody from Fisher (Cat#: 35503)

Figure 4: Immunohistochemical analysis of paraffin-embedded rectum cancer tissues using HSF1 mouse mAb with DAB staining.



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