

# PTPN1 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody

Catalog # AO1972a

## Product Information

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<b>Application</b>	WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E
<b>Primary Accession</b>	<a href="#">P18031</a>
<b>Reactivity</b>	Human
<b>Host</b>	Mouse
<b>Clonality</b>	Monoclonal
<b>Clone Names</b>	4F8F11
<b>Isotype</b>	IgG1
<b>Calculated MW</b>	49967
<b>Description</b>	<p>The protein encoded by this gene is the founding member of the protein tyrosine phosphatase (PTP) family, which was isolated and identified based on its enzymatic activity and amino acid sequence. PTPs catalyze the hydrolysis of the phosphate monoesters specifically on tyrosine residues. Members of the PTP family share a highly conserved catalytic motif, which is essential for the catalytic activity. PTPs are known to be signaling molecules that regulate a variety of cellular processes including cell growth, differentiation, mitotic cycle, and oncogenic transformation. This PTP has been shown to act as a negative regulator of insulin signaling by dephosphorylating the phosphotyrosine residues of insulin receptor kinase. This PTP was also reported to dephosphorylate epidermal growth factor receptor kinase, as well as JAK2 and TYK2 kinases, which implicated the role of this PTP in cell growth control, and cell response to interferon stimulation. Two transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.</p>
<b>Immunogen</b>	Purified recombinant fragment of human PTPN1 (AA: 40-246) expressed in E. Coli.
<b>Formulation</b>	Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide.

## Additional Information

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<b>Gene ID</b>	5770
<b>Other Names</b>	Tyrosine-protein phosphatase non-receptor type 1, 3.1.3.48, Protein-tyrosine phosphatase 1B, PTP-1B, PTPN1, PTP1B
<b>Dilution</b>	WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A E~~1/10000
<b>Storage</b>	Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.
<b>Precautions</b>	PTPN1 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

## Protein Information

<b>Name</b>	PTPN1
<b>Synonyms</b>	PTP1B
<b>Function</b>	Tyrosine-protein phosphatase which acts as a regulator of endoplasmic reticulum unfolded protein response. Mediates dephosphorylation of EIF2AK3/PERK; inactivating the protein kinase activity of EIF2AK3/PERK. May play an important role in CKII- and p60c- src-induced signal transduction cascades. May regulate the EFNA5-EPHA3 signaling pathway which modulates cell reorganization and cell-cell repulsion. May also regulate the hepatocyte growth factor receptor signaling pathway through dephosphorylation of MET.
<b>Cellular Location</b>	Endoplasmic reticulum membrane; Peripheral membrane protein; Cytoplasmic side Note=Interacts with EPHA3 at the cell membrane
<b>Tissue Location</b>	Expressed in keratinocytes (at protein level).

## Background

Integrins are heterodimers comprised of alpha and beta subunits, that are noncovalently associated transmembrane glycoprotein receptors. Different combinations of alpha and beta polypeptides form complexes that vary in their ligand-binding specificities. Integrins mediate cell-matrix or cell-cell adhesion, and transduced signals that regulate gene expression and cell growth. This gene encodes the integrin beta 4 subunit, a receptor for the laminins. This subunit tends to associate with alpha 6 subunit and is likely to play a pivotal role in the biology of invasive carcinoma. Mutations in this gene are associated with epidermolysis bullosa with pyloric atresia. Multiple alternatively spliced transcript variants encoding distinct isoforms have been found for this gene. ; ; ;

## References

1. Med Oncol. 2012 Jun;29(2):948-56. 2. Cell Biol Int. 2010 Jul;34(7):747-53.

## Images

