

# CD6 Antibody

Purified Mouse Monoclonal Antibody Catalog # AO2011a

## **Product Information**

**Application** WB, IHC, FC, ICC, E

Primary Accession
Reactivity
Human
Host
Clonality
Monoclonal
Clone Names
Isotype
IgG2b
Calculated MW
P30203
Human
House
Human
House
FA10A2
IgG2b
71801

**Description** This gene encodes a protein found on the outer membrane of T-lymphocytes

as well as some other immune cells. The encoded protein contains three scavenger receptor cysteine-rich (SRCR) domains and a binding site for an activated leukocyte cell adhesion molecule. The gene product is important for

continuation of T cell activation. This gene may be associated with

susceptibility to multiple sclerosis (PMID: 19525953, 21849685). Multiple transcript variants encoding different isoforms have been found for this gene.

**Immunogen** Purified recombinant fragment of human CD6 (AA: 18-199) expressed in E.

Coli.

**Formulation** Purified antibody in PBS with 0.05% sodium azide

## **Additional Information**

Gene ID 923

Other Names T-cell differentiation antigen CD6, T12, TP120, CD6, CD6

Dilution WB~~1/500 - 1/2000 IHC~~1/200 - 1/1000 FC~~1/200 - 1/400 ICC~~N/A

E~~1/10000

**Storage** Maintain refrigerated at 2-8°C for up to 6 months. For long term storage store

at -20°C in small aliquots to prevent freeze-thaw cycles.

**Precautions** CD6 Antibody is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or

therapeutic procedures.

## **Protein Information**

Name CD6 ( <u>HGNC:1691</u>)

#### **Function**

Cell adhesion molecule that mediates cell-cell contacts and regulates T-cell responses via its interaction with ALCAM/CD166 (PubMed: 15048703, PubMed: 15294938, PubMed: 16352806, PubMed: 16914752, PubMed: <u>24584089</u>, PubMed: <u>24945728</u>). Contributes to signaling cascades triggered by activation of the TCR/CD3 complex (PubMed:24584089). Functions as a costimulatory molecule; promotes T-cell activation and proliferation (PubMed: 15294938, PubMed: 16352806, PubMed: 16914752). Contributes to the formation and maturation of the immunological synapse (PubMed:15294938, PubMed:16352806). Functions as a calcium- dependent pattern receptor that binds and aggregates both Gram-positive and Gram-negative bacteria. Binds both lipopolysaccharide (LPS) from Gram-negative bacteria and lipoteichoic acid from Gram-positive bacteria (PubMed: 17601777). LPS binding leads to the activation of signaling cascades and down-stream MAP kinases (PubMed: 17601777). Mediates activation of the inflammatory response and the secretion of pro-inflammatory cytokines in response to LPS (PubMed: 17601777).

#### **Cellular Location**

Cell membrane; Single-pass type I membrane protein. Note=Detected at the immunological synapse, i.e, at the contact zone between antigen-presenting dendritic cells and T-cells (PubMed:15294938, PubMed:16352806). Colocalizes with the TCR/CD3 complex at the immunological synapse (PubMed:15294938)

#### **Tissue Location**

Detected on thymocytes (PubMed:15294938). Detected on peripheral blood T-cells (PubMed:15048703, PubMed:16352806) Detected on natural killer (NK) cells (PubMed:16352806). Soluble CD6 is detected in blood serum (at protein level) (PubMed:17601777). Detected in spleen, thymus, appendix, lymph node and peripheral blood leukocytes (PubMed:9013954). Expressed by thymocytes, mature T-cells, a subset of B-cells known as B-1 cells, and by some cells in the brain

### References

J Autoimmun. 2010 Dec;35(4):336-41.Proc Natl Acad Sci U S A. 2007 Jul 10;104(28):11724-9.

# **Images**

